

DIU D'ECHOGRAPHIE ET TECHNIQUES ULTRA SONORES

MODULE DIGESTIF

2019/2020



UNIVERSITÉ
PARIS
DESCARTES

Membre de

U-PC

Université Sorbonne
Paris Cité

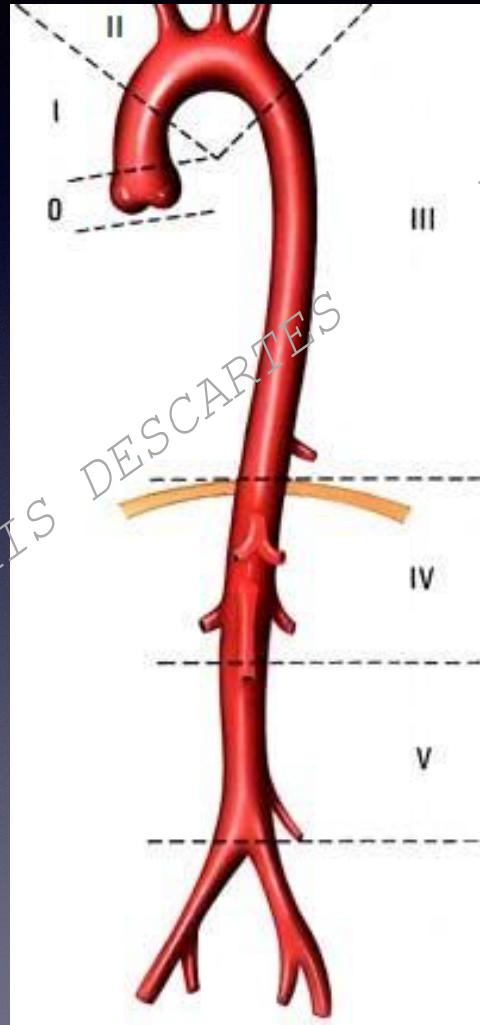
Notion d'écho-anatomie et de pathologie des gros vaisseaux abdominaux

Professeur Etienne DANSE

Université Catholique de Louvain Cliniques Universitaires St Luc , 1200 Bruxelles

Docteur Pascale PLAQUET CAMUS
CHU Amiens - Péronne

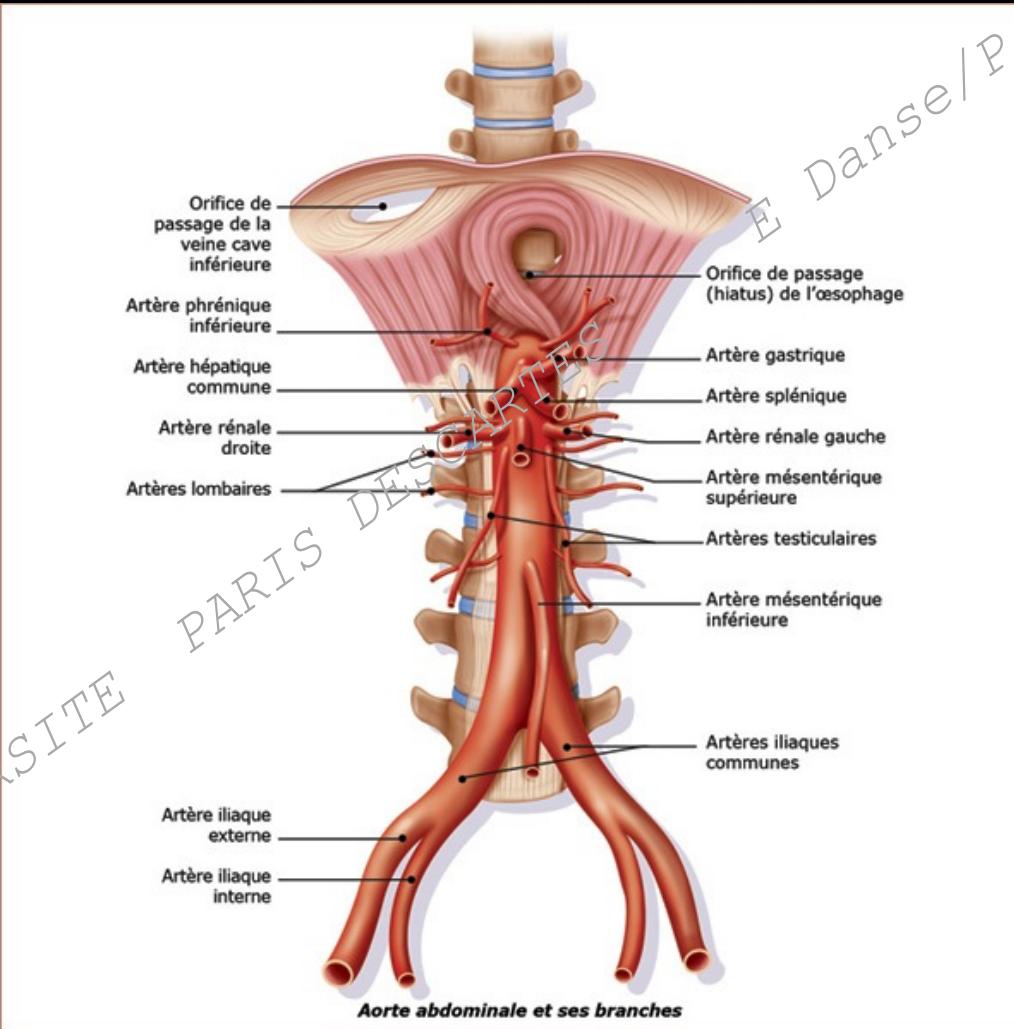
Echo-anatomie des gros vaisseaux abdominaux

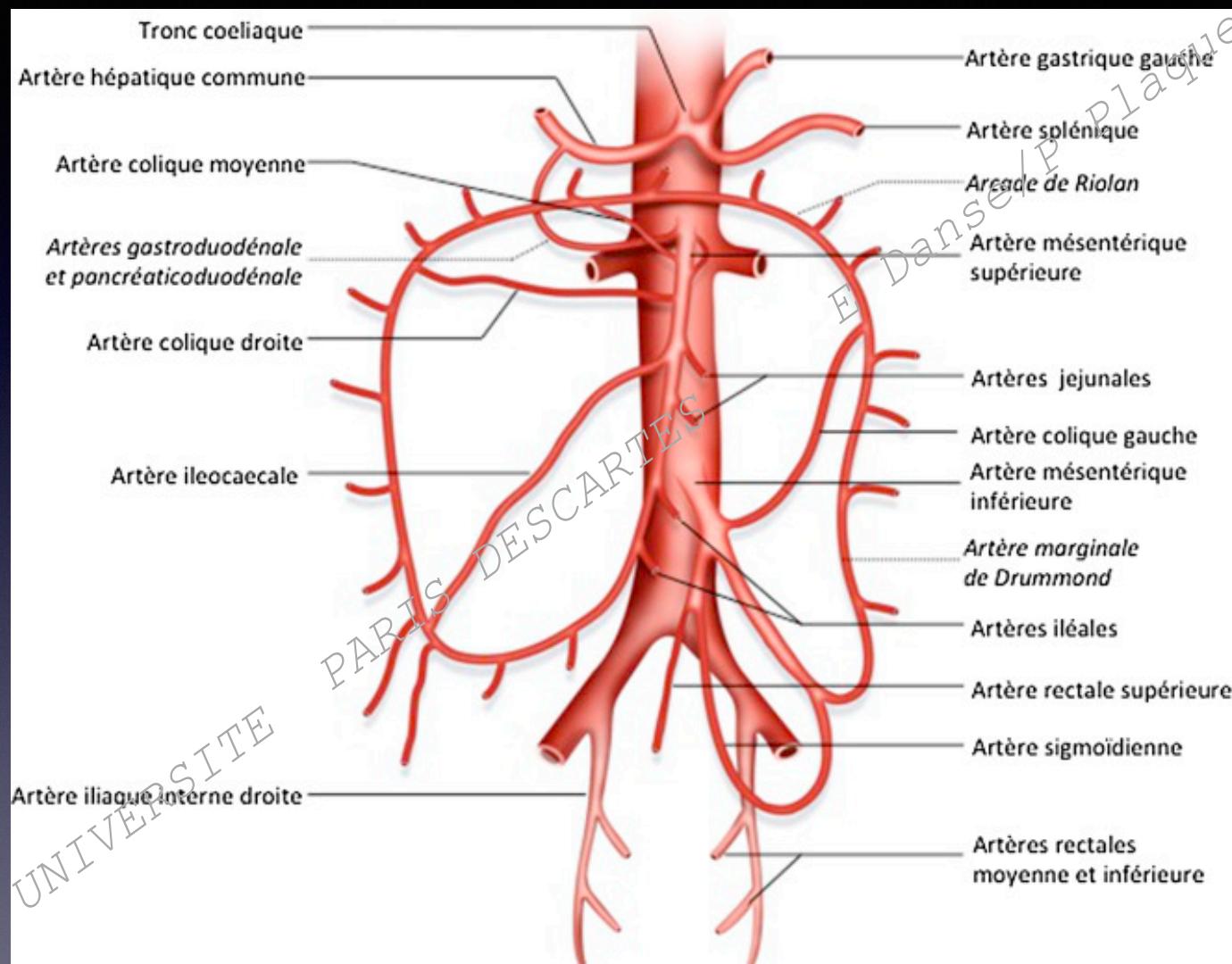


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E. Danse / P. Plaquet

Echo-anatomie des gros vaisseaux abdominaux



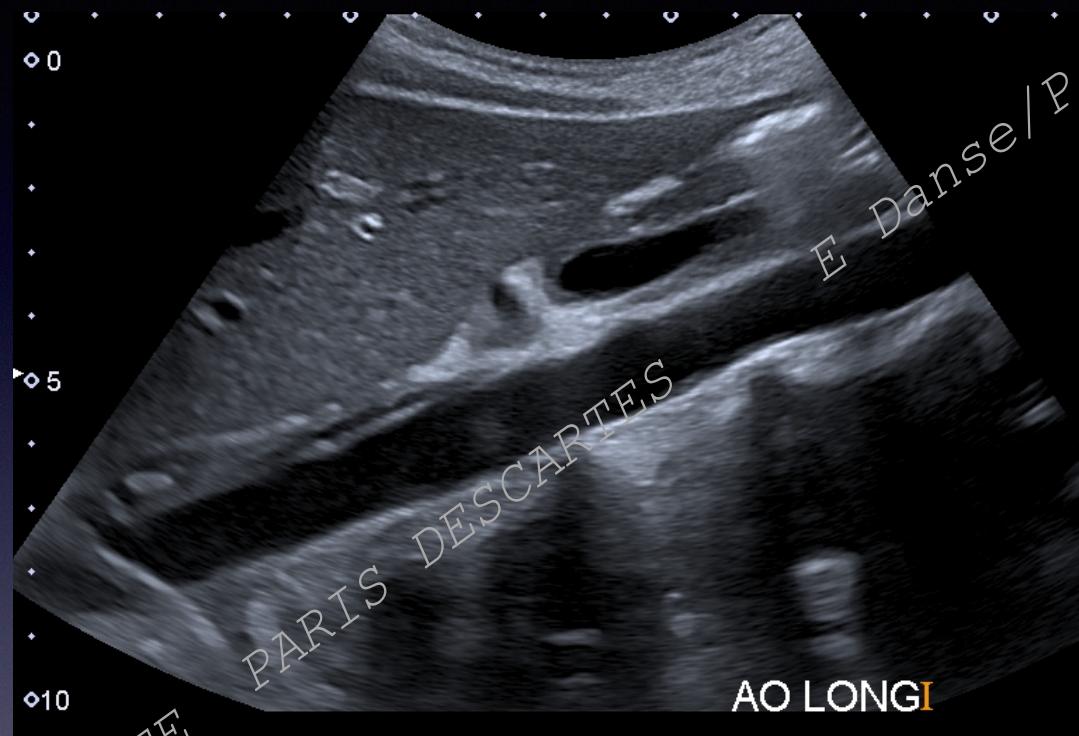


Echo-anatomie des gros vaisseaux abdominaux

Technique d'examen

- Décubitus dorsal +/- latéral
- À jeun ,
- pression/ tube digestif
- Coupe transversale et longitudinale
- Sonde sectorielle fréquences adaptées
3/10 mhz THI

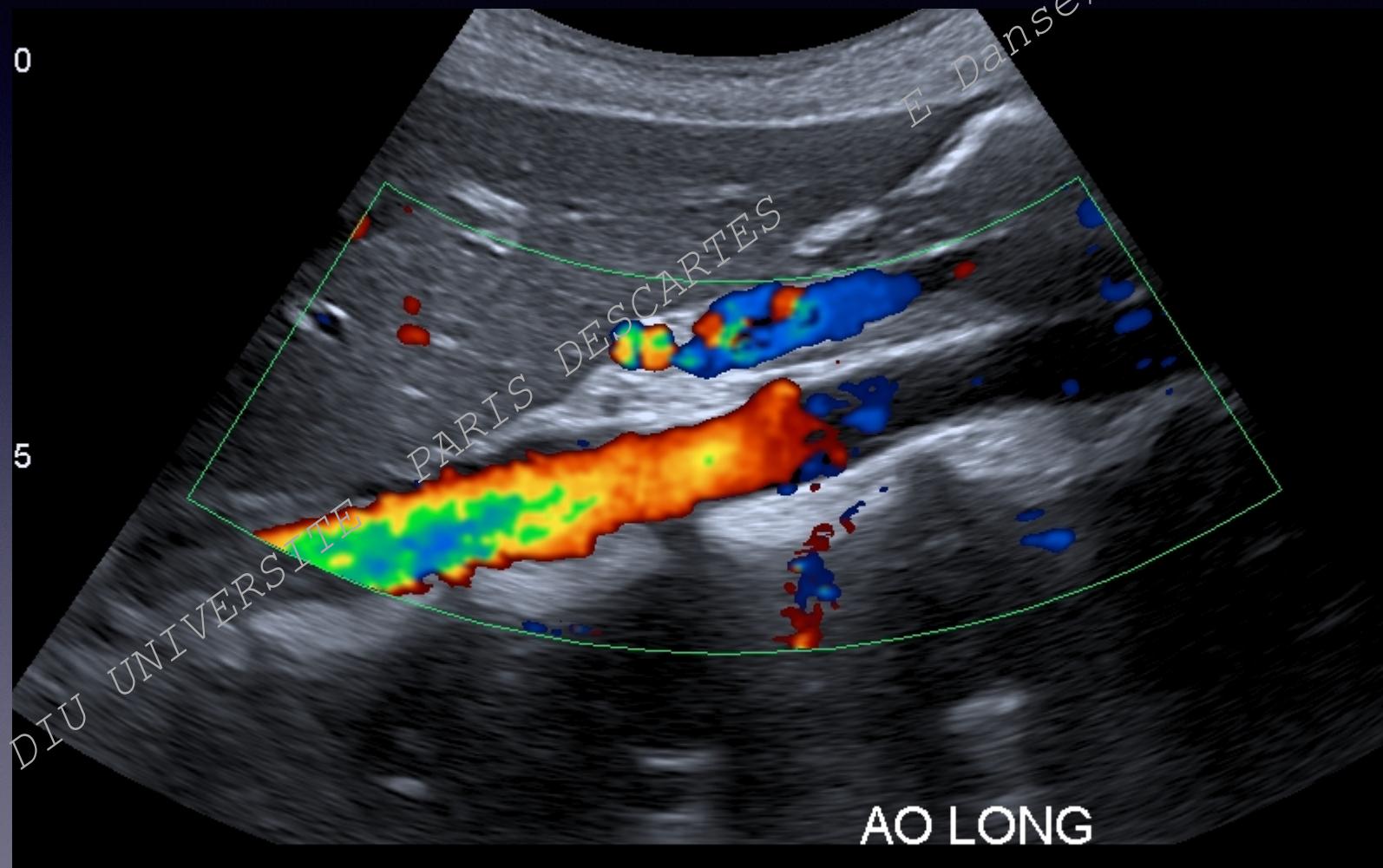
Aorte abdominale



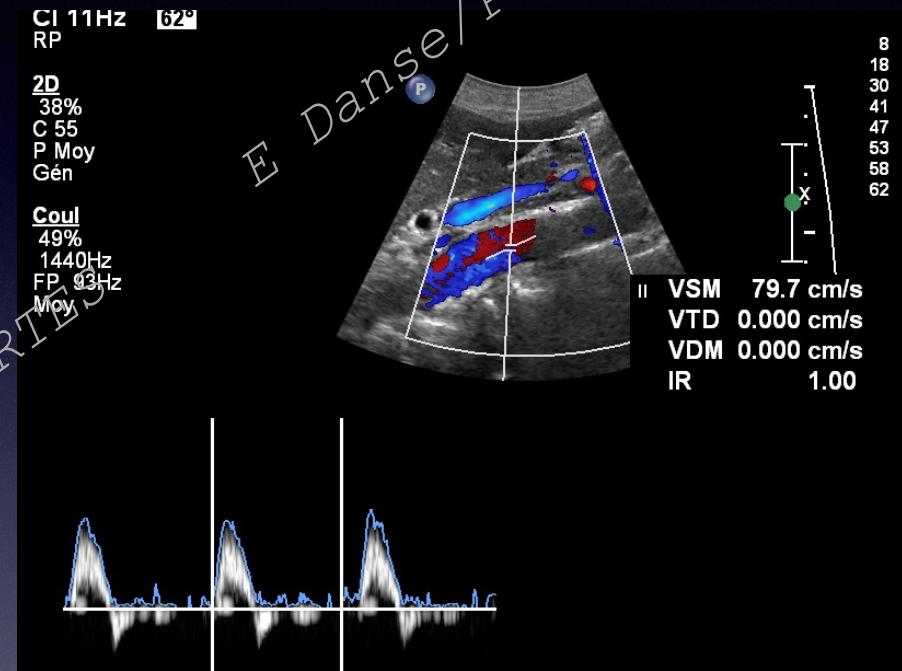
Calibre normal : <28 mm sus rénal
<18 mm sous rénal

Lumières hypo/ anéchogène
Paroi fine et régulière

Aorte abdominale

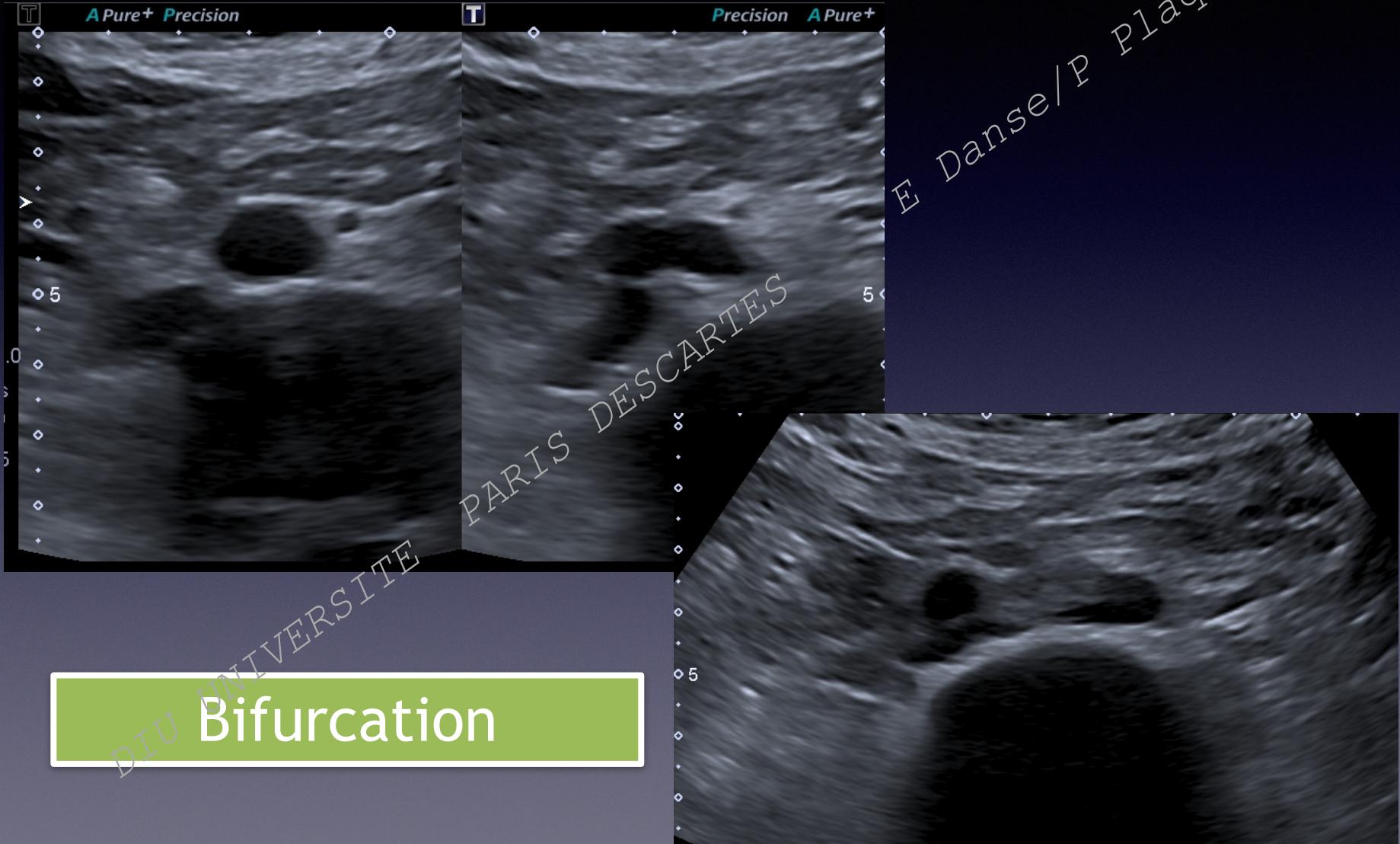


Aorte abdominale



Doppler : flux triphasique
Reflux proto diastolique
v 50- 180 cm/s. v moyenne 40-80 cm/s

Aorte abdominale



Anévrysme aortique

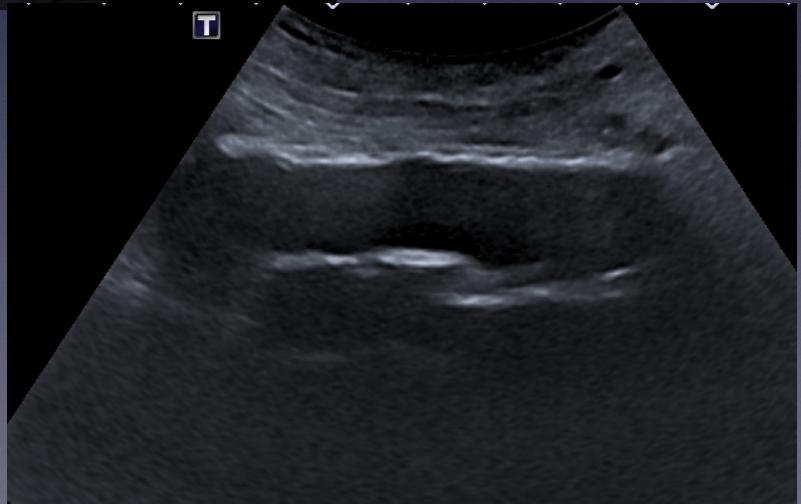
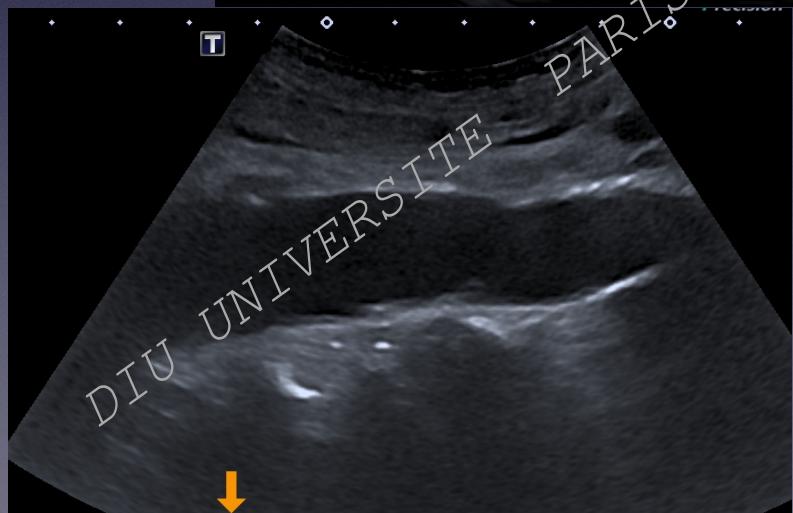
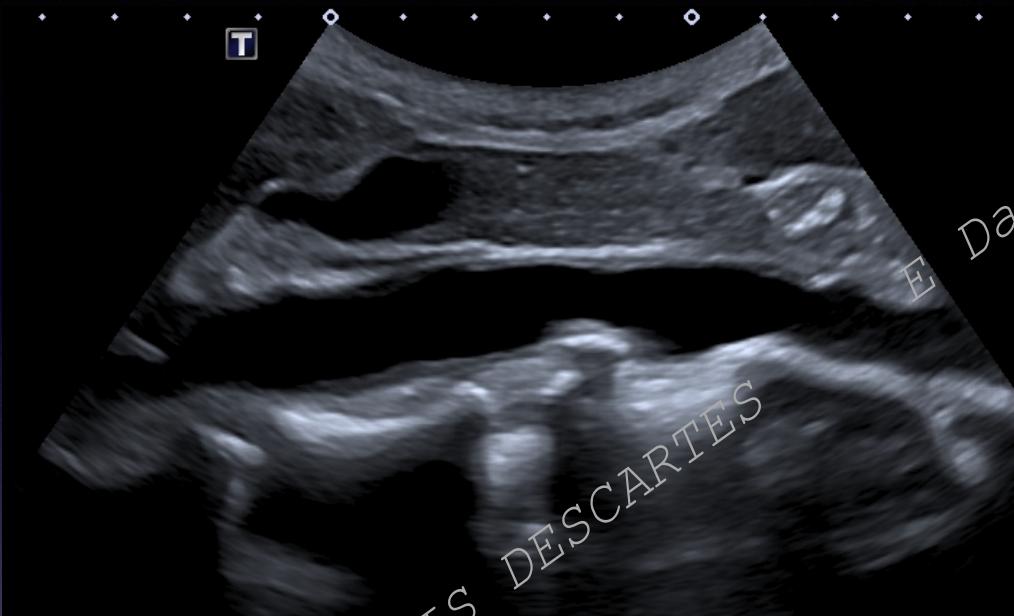
Diamètre transverse
> 30 mm
> 40 mm risque de rupture
Plan de coupe / surveillance

Thrombus
Hématome

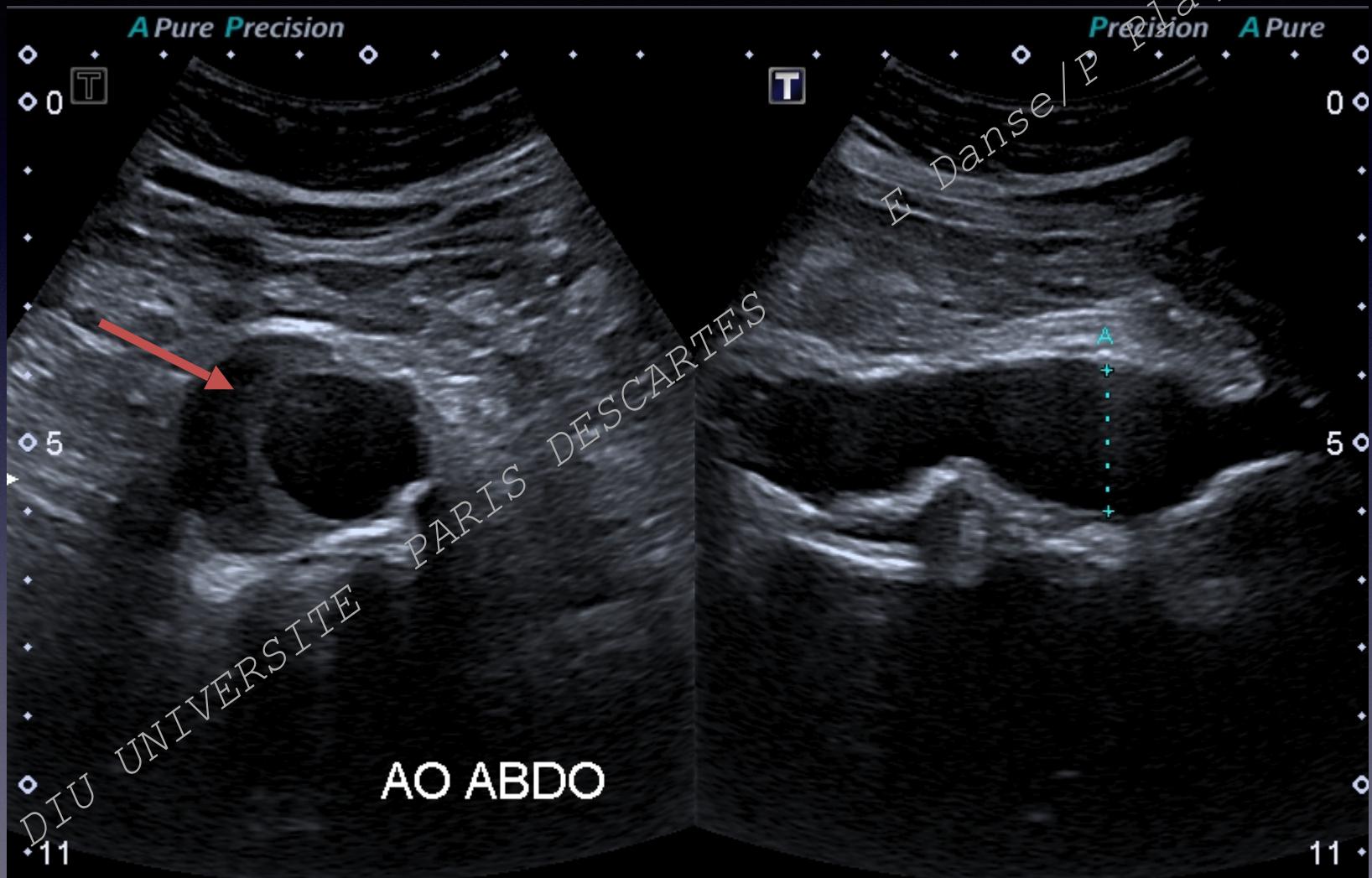
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Sous rénal ++

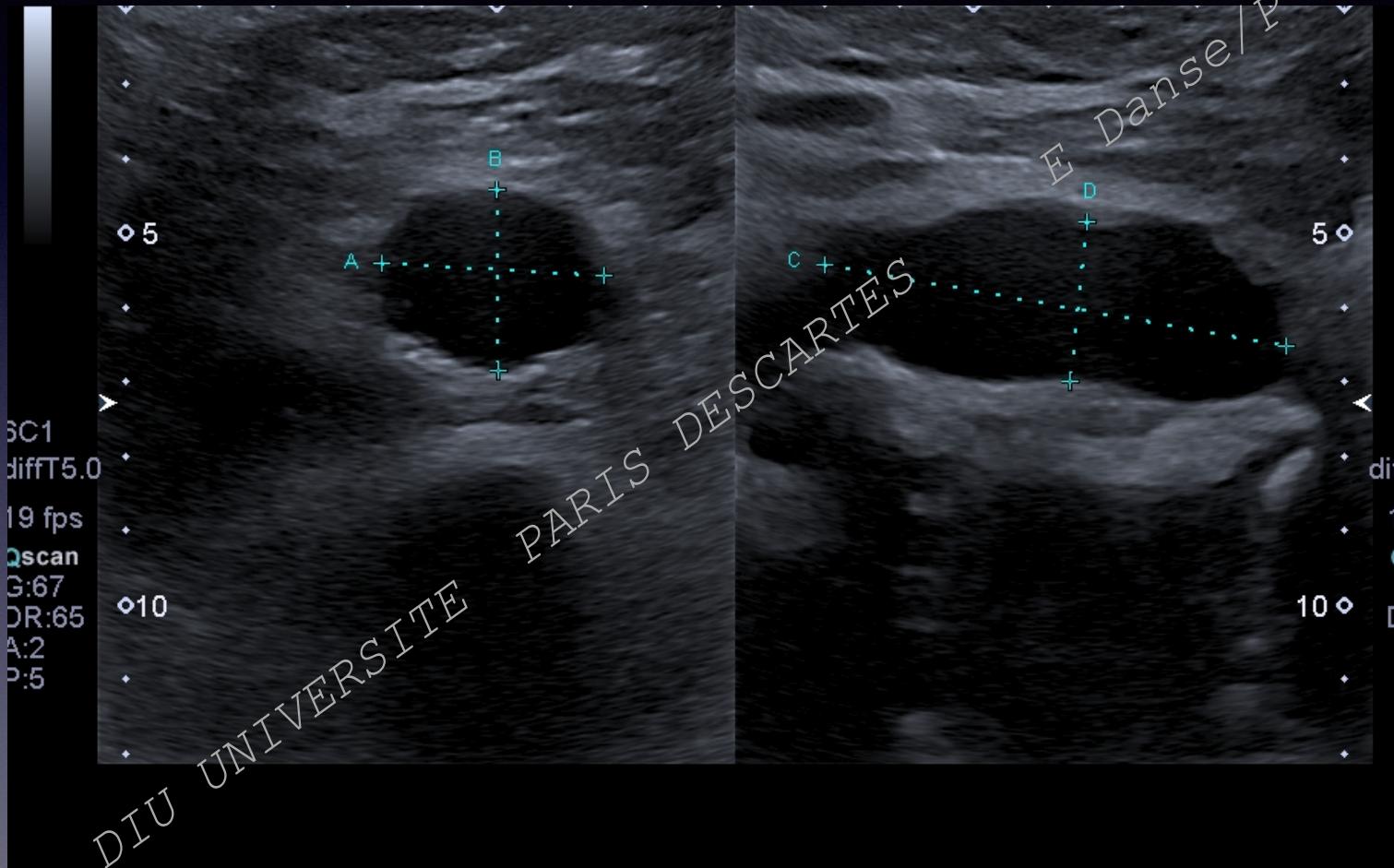
Aorte abdominale contours , paroi



Anévrysme aortique

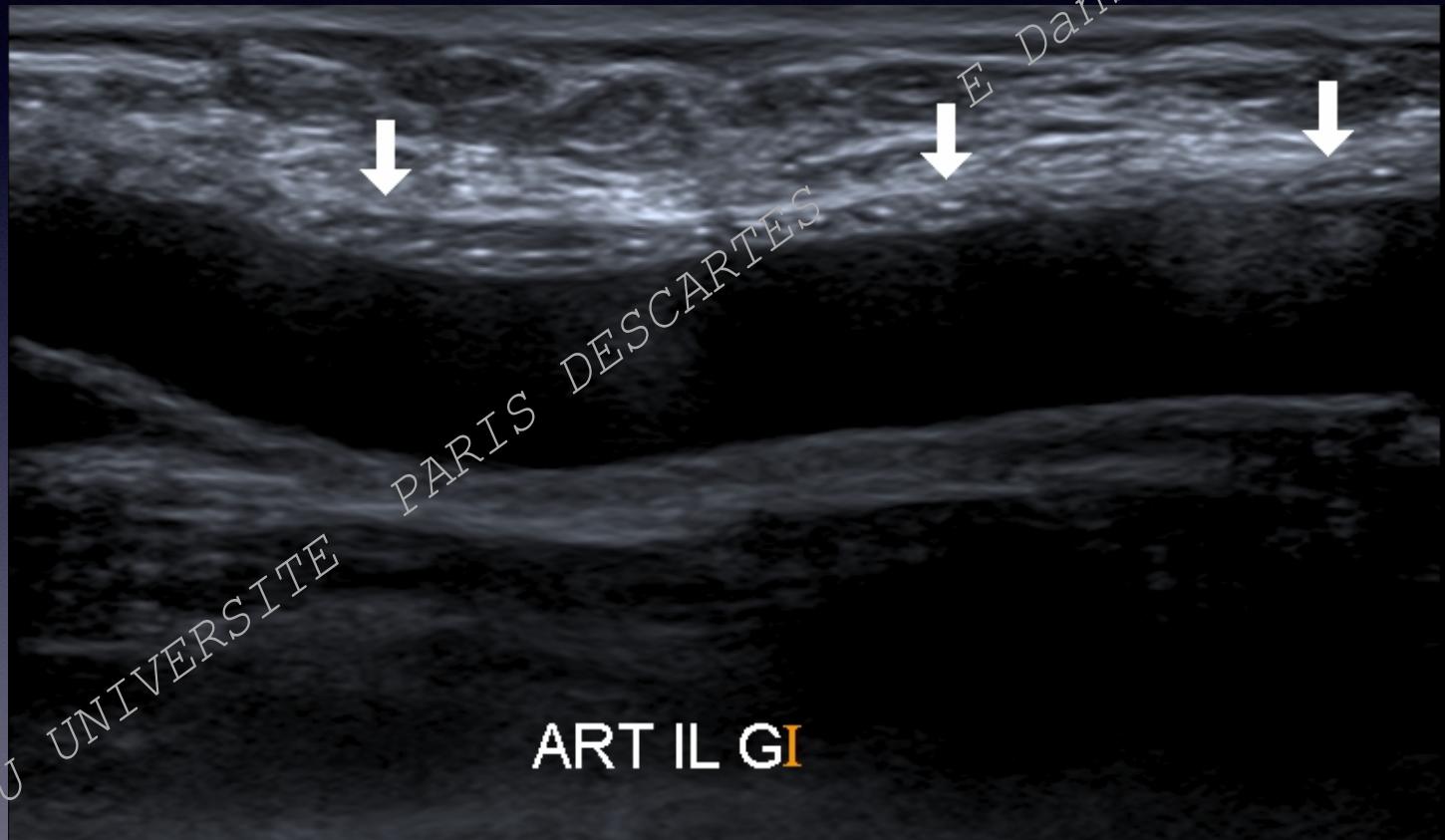


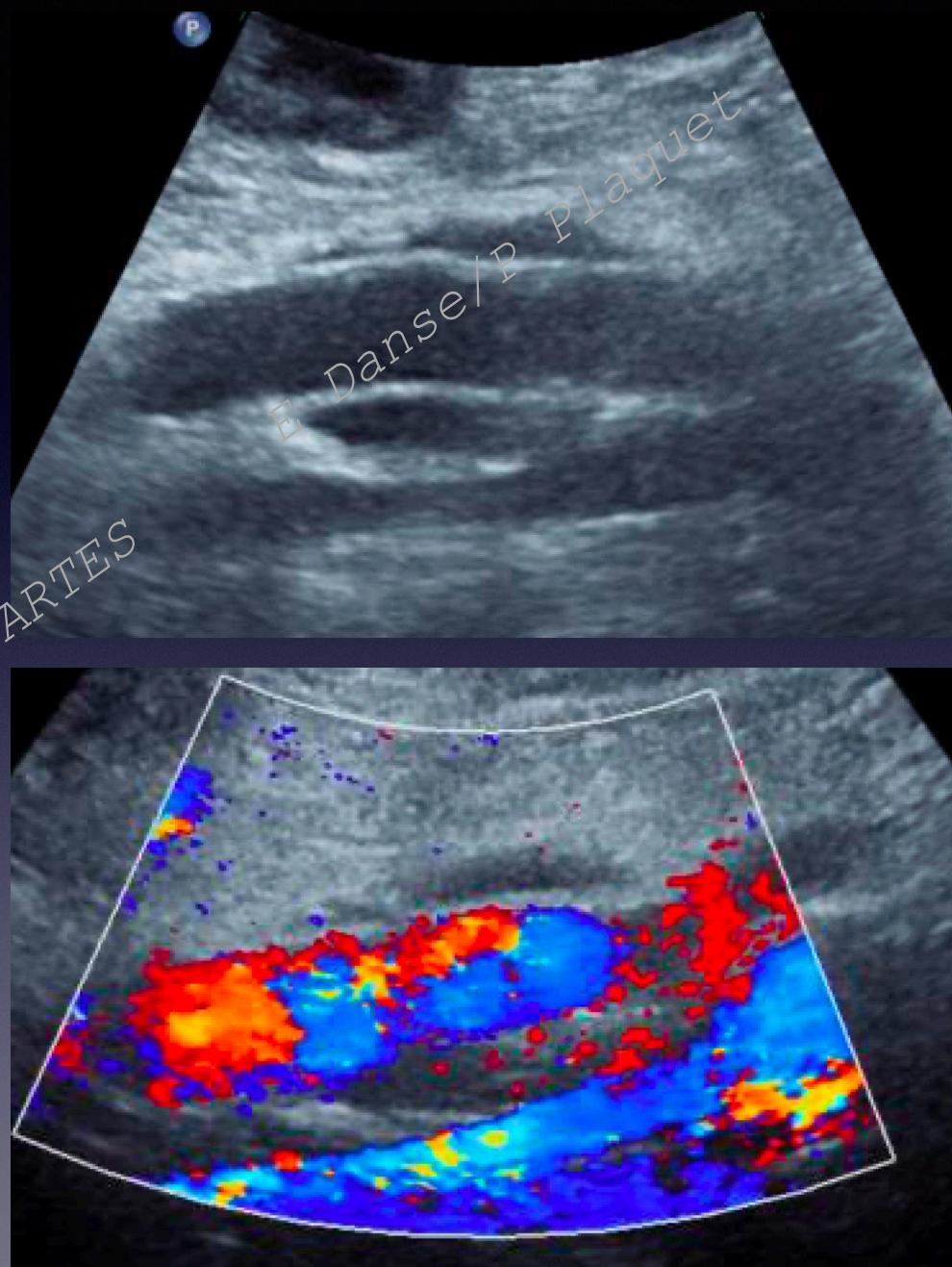
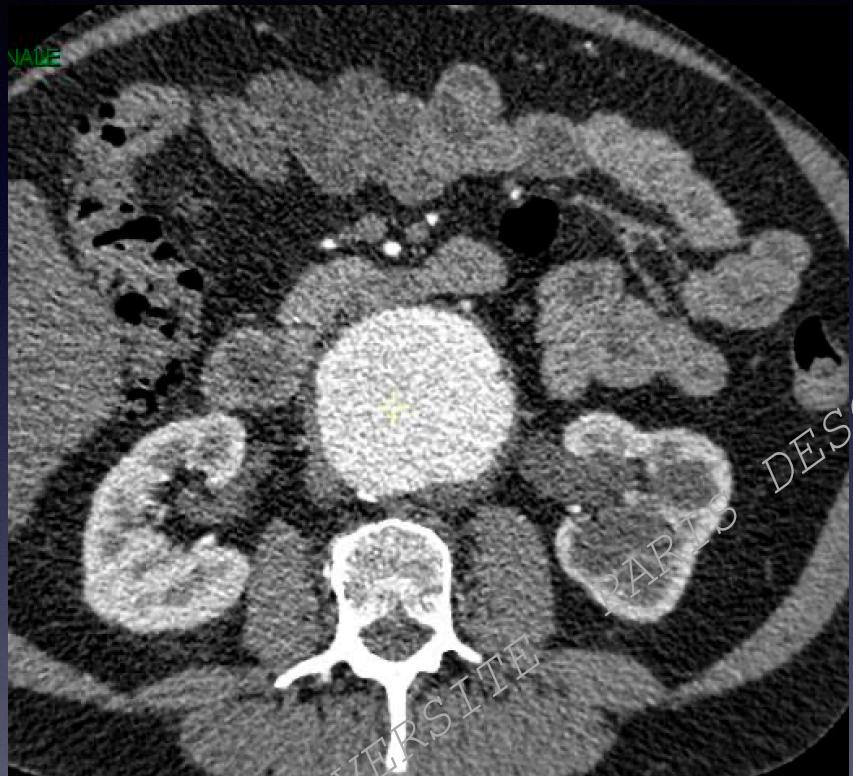
Anévrysme aortique



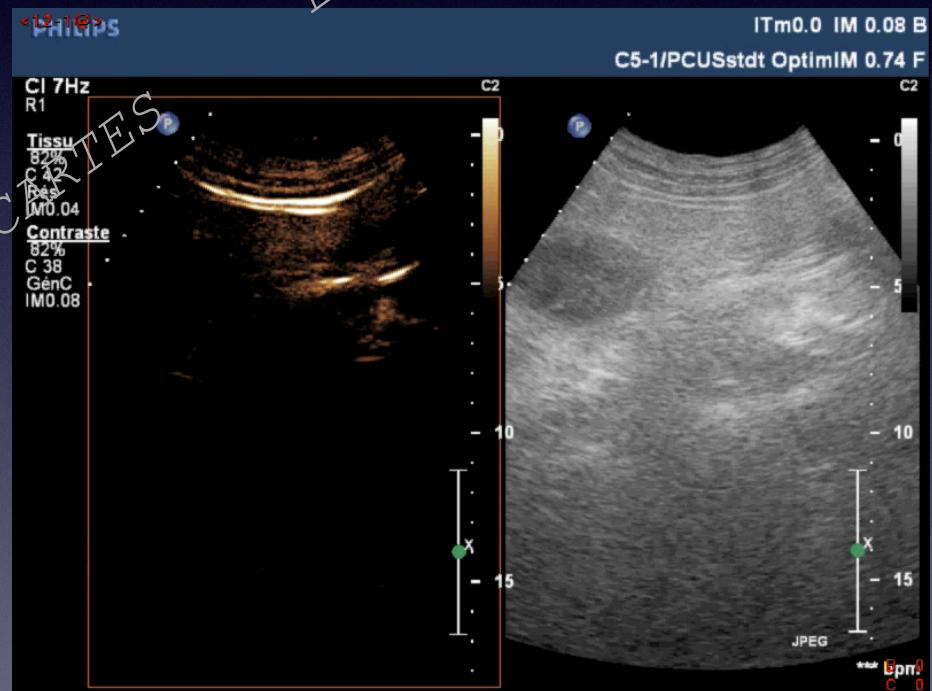
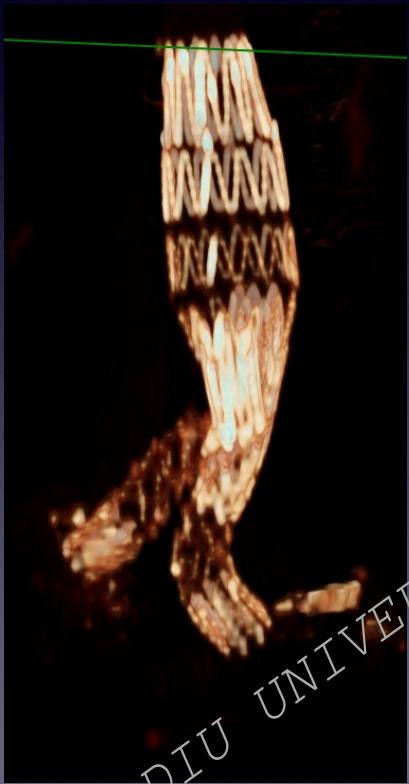
Dist A	30.0 mm	Dist B	24.3 mm	Dist C	63.0 mm
Dist D	21.6 mm				

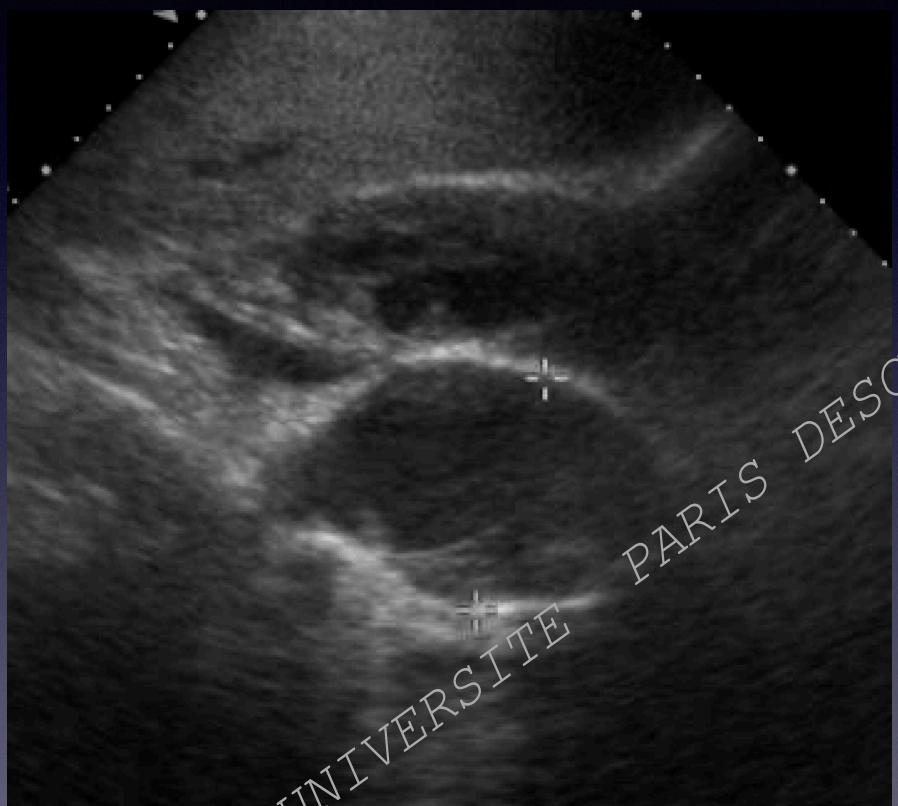
Endoprothèse





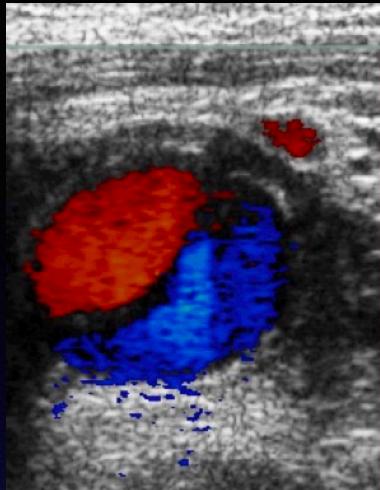
Endoprothèse



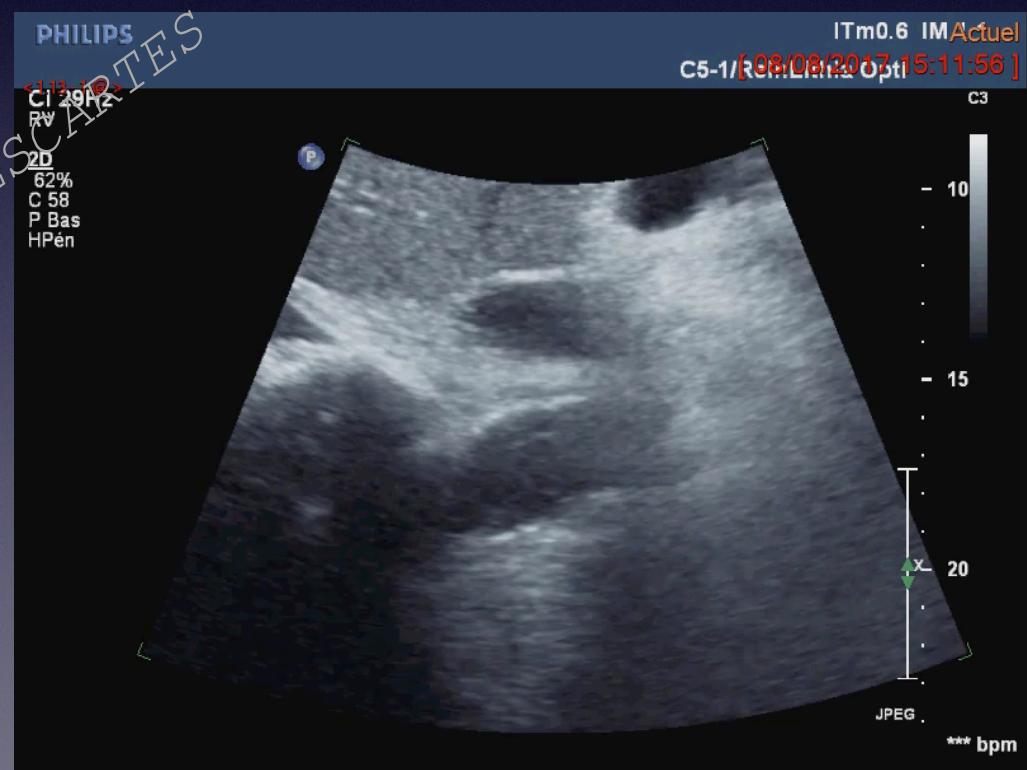


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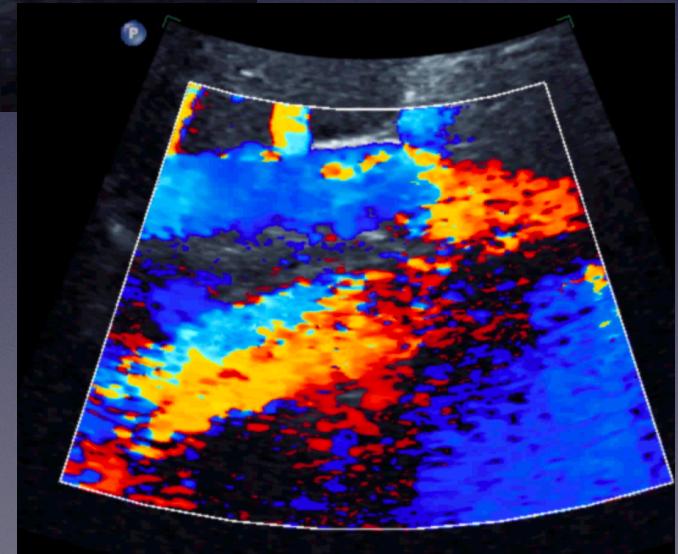
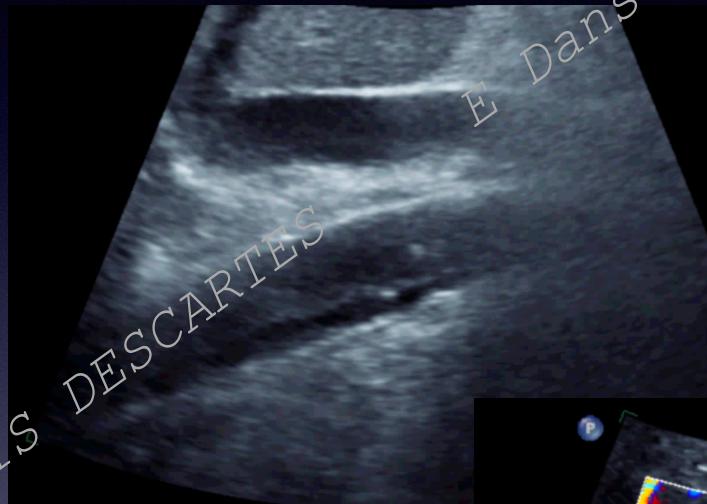
E Danse/P Plaquet



Dissection aortique

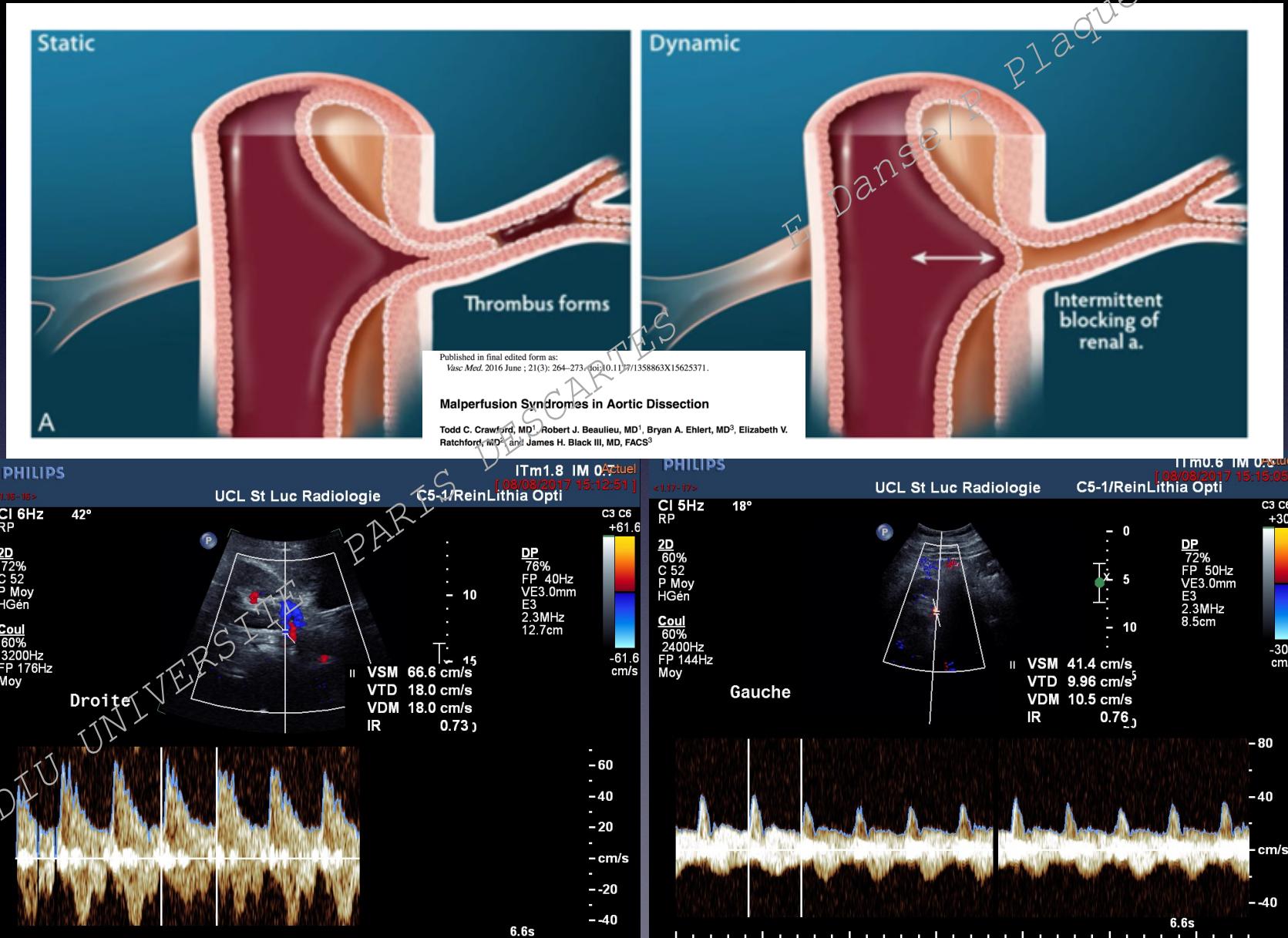


Dissection aortique



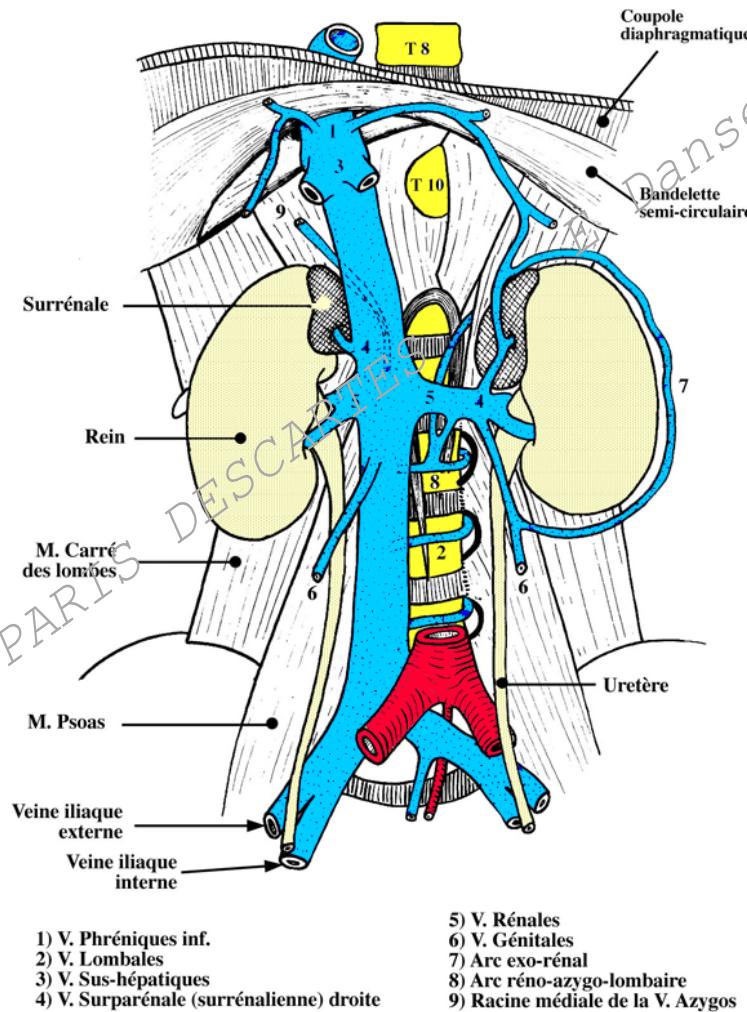
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Dissection aortique



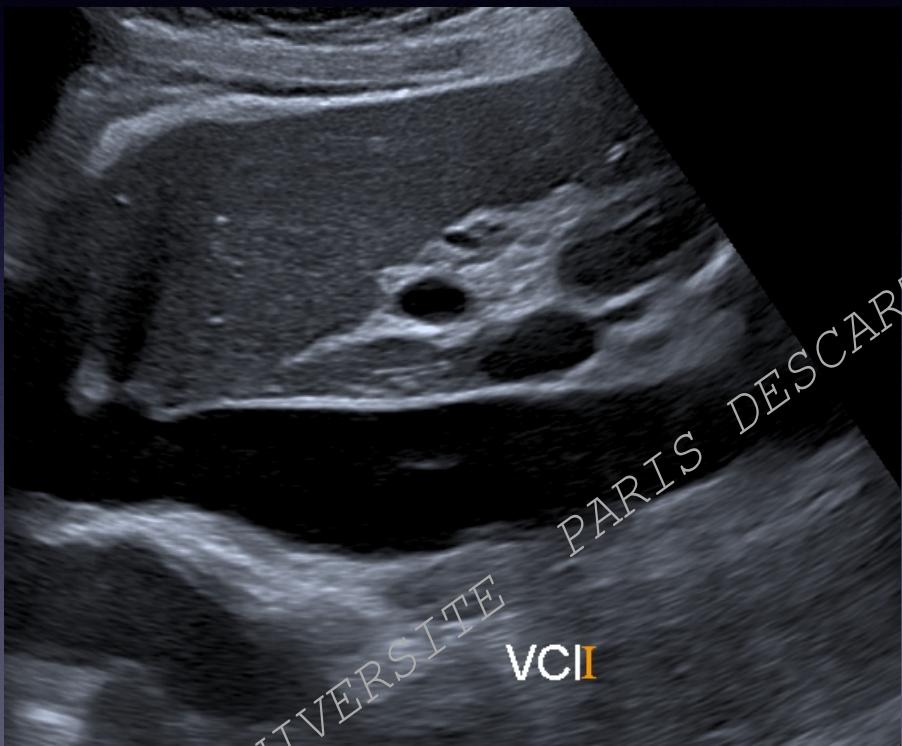
VEINE CAVE INFÉRIEURE

BRANCHES DE LA V.C.I.



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VEINE CAVE INFÉRIEURE

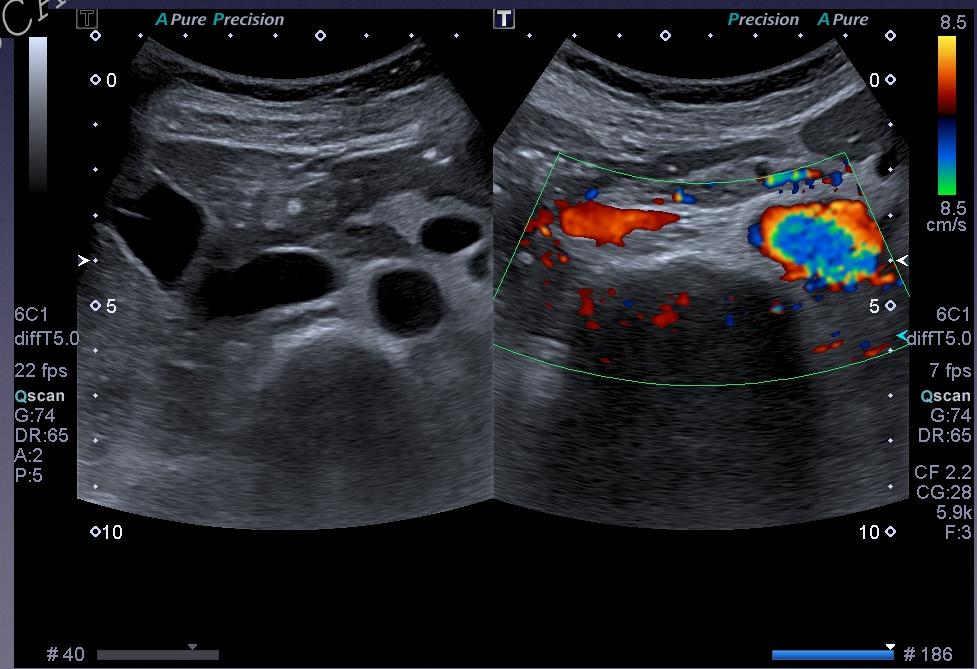
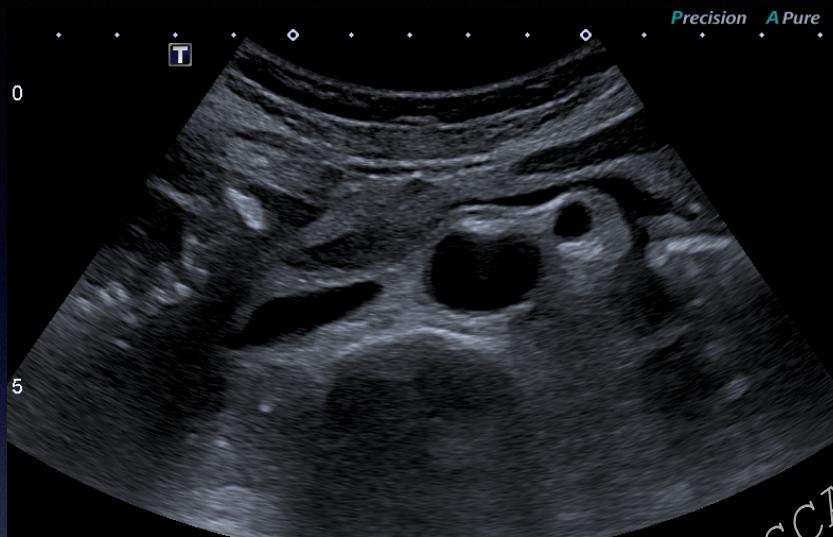
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T



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VEINE CAVE INFÉRIEURE



Normal Inferior Vena Cava: Caliber Changes Observed by Dynamic Ultrasound

Edward Grant^{1,2}
Franco Rendano³
Erkan Sevinc⁴
Jens Gammelgaard¹
Hans Henrick Holm¹
Sven Grönvall¹

A review of the literature revealed conflicting reports on the physiologic variations of the caliber of the normal inferior vena cava as seen by sonography. In this study, 25 normal volunteers were examined using dynamic scanning, and the upper parts of their inferior vena cavae were observed for changes during various phases of respiration as well as Valsalva maneuver. Optimum distension and, therefore, optimum visualization of the inferior vena cava were achieved after simple breath holding or at end expiration. Inspiration and Valsalva maneuver decreased the size of this vessel in most subjects, making it difficult to see.

TABLE 2: Normal Inferior Vena Cava: Caliber Changes
Observed by Ultrasound

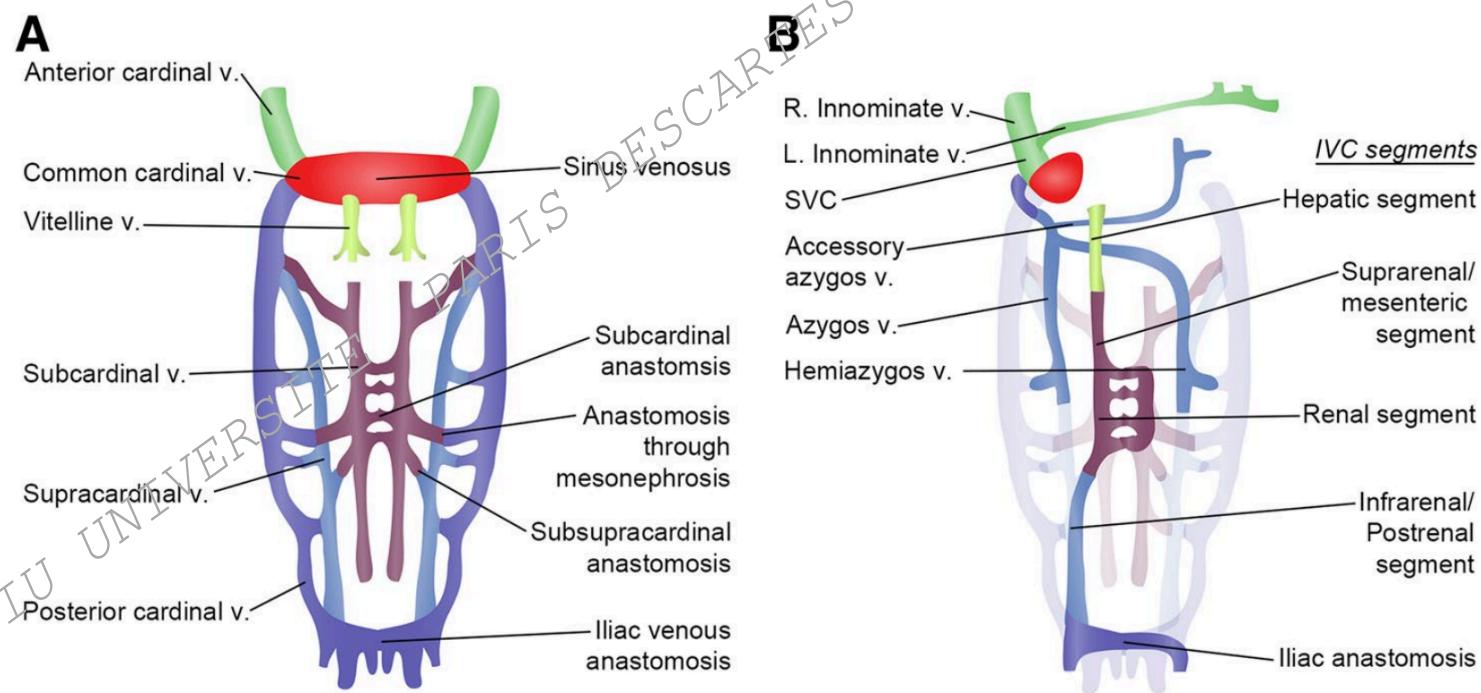
Phase of Respiration	Caliber of Inferior Vena Cava No. Patients (n = 25)		
	Increased	Decreased	No Change
Inspiration	0	25	0
End expiration	25	0	0
Breath held after full inspiration	25	0	0
Valsalva maneuver:			
After full inspiration:			
Men (n = 15)	0	15	0
Women (n = 10)	0	5	5
Subtotal	0	20	5
After half inspiration	0	25	0



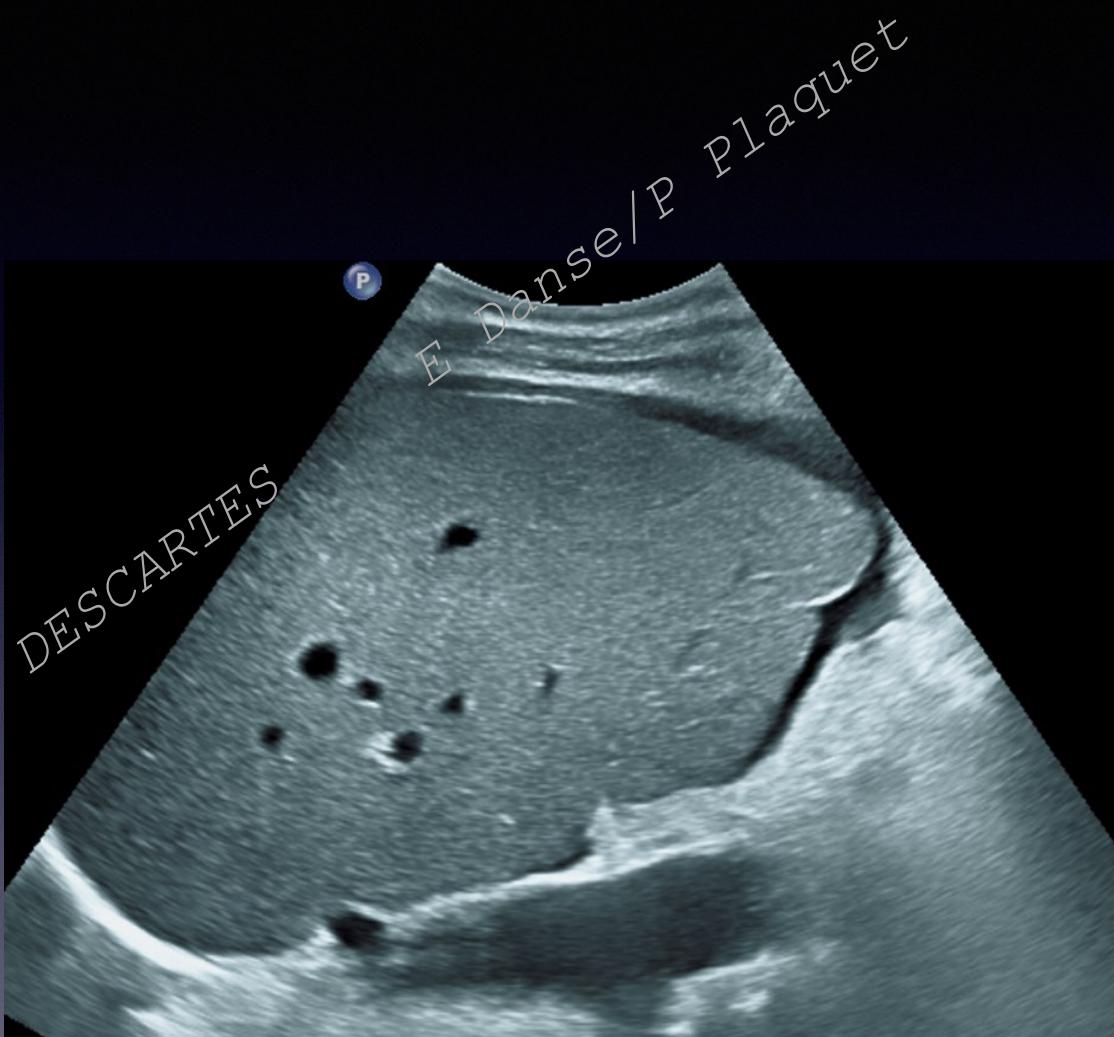
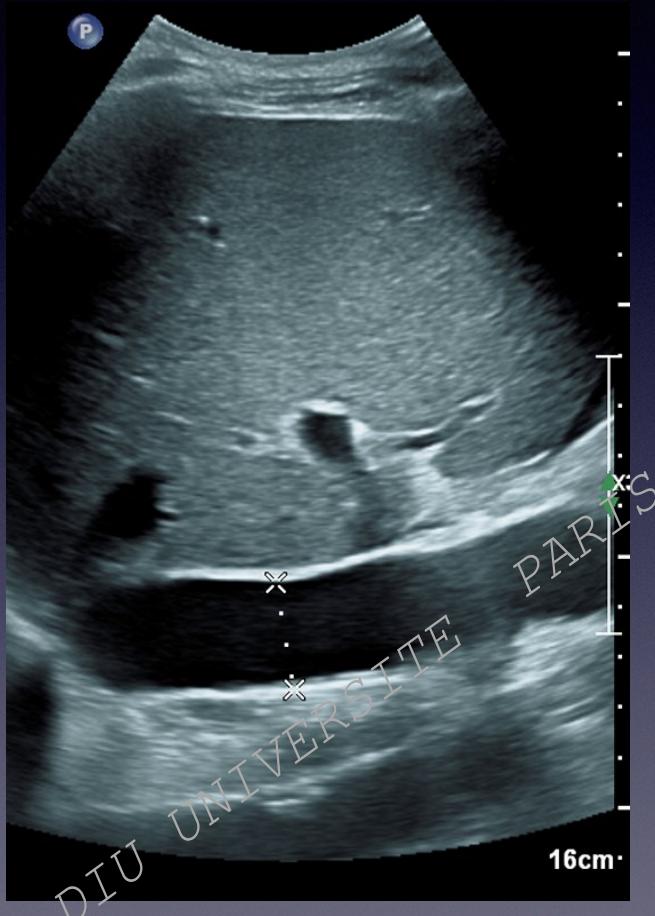
The inferior vena cava: a pictorial review of embryology, anatomy, pathology, and interventions

David S. Shin¹ · Claire K. Sandstrom¹ · Christopher R. Ingraham¹ · Eric J. Monroe^{1,2} · Guy E. Johnson¹

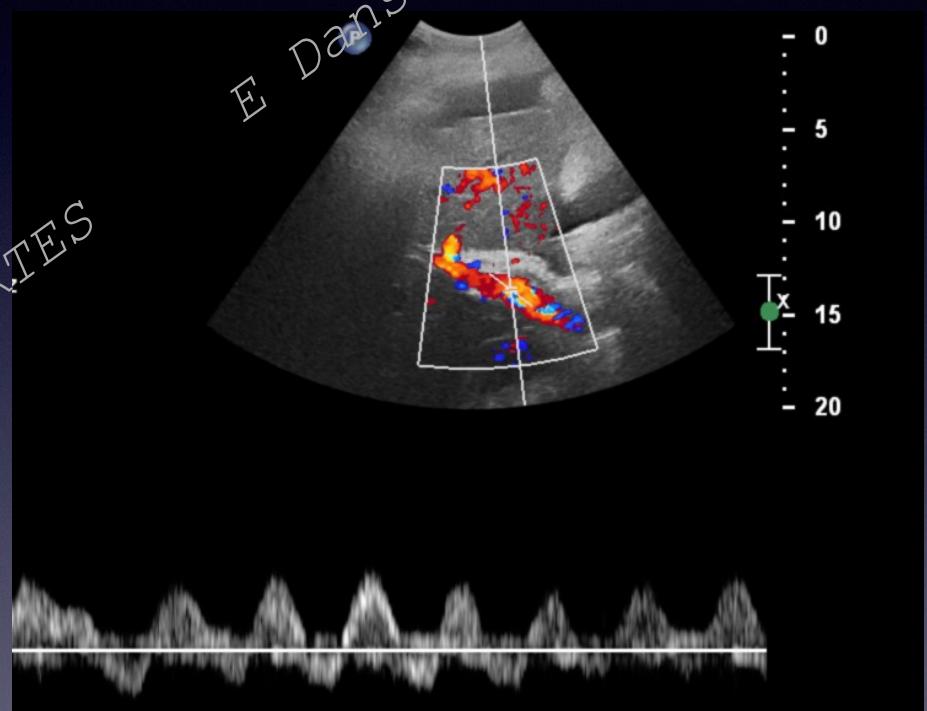
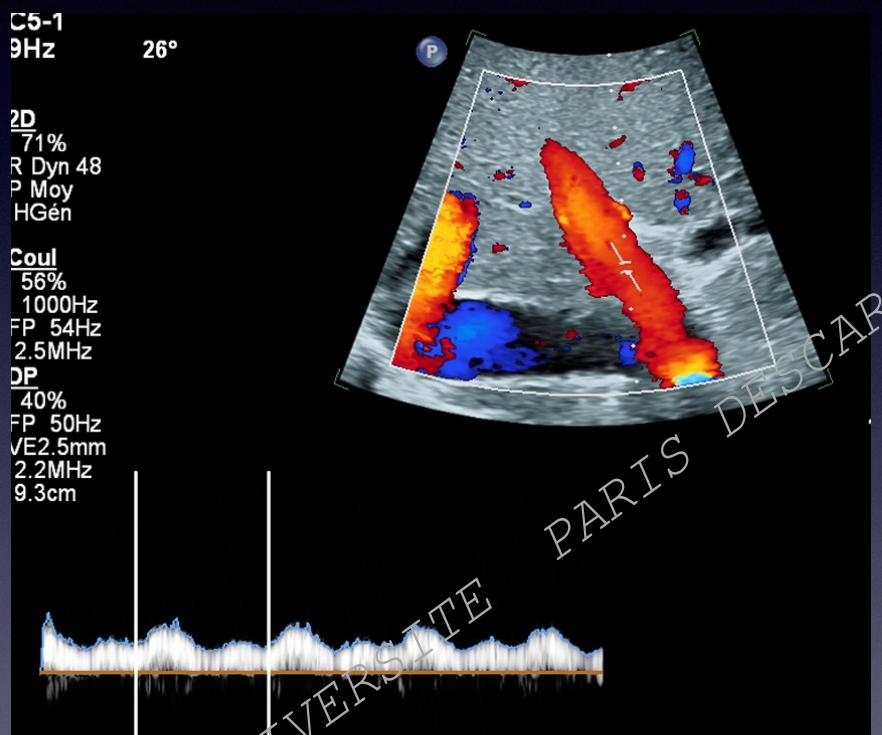
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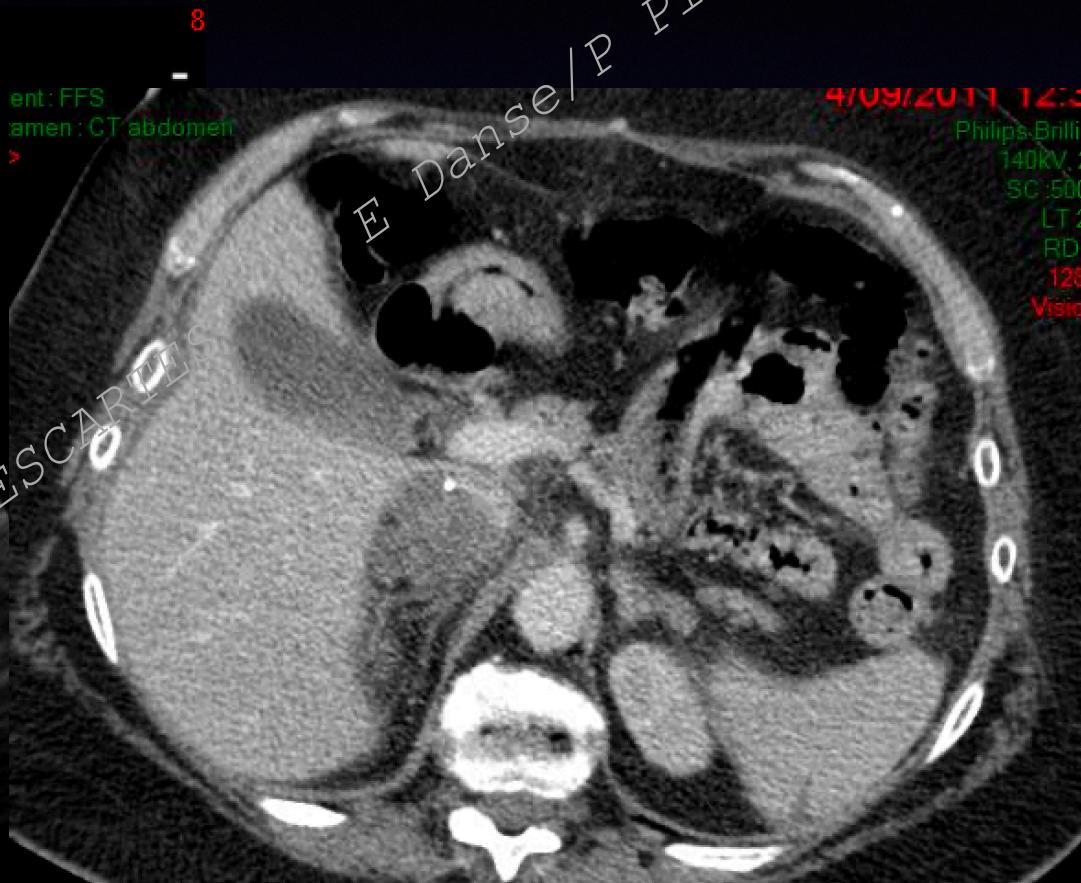
Foie cardiaque



Foie cardiaque



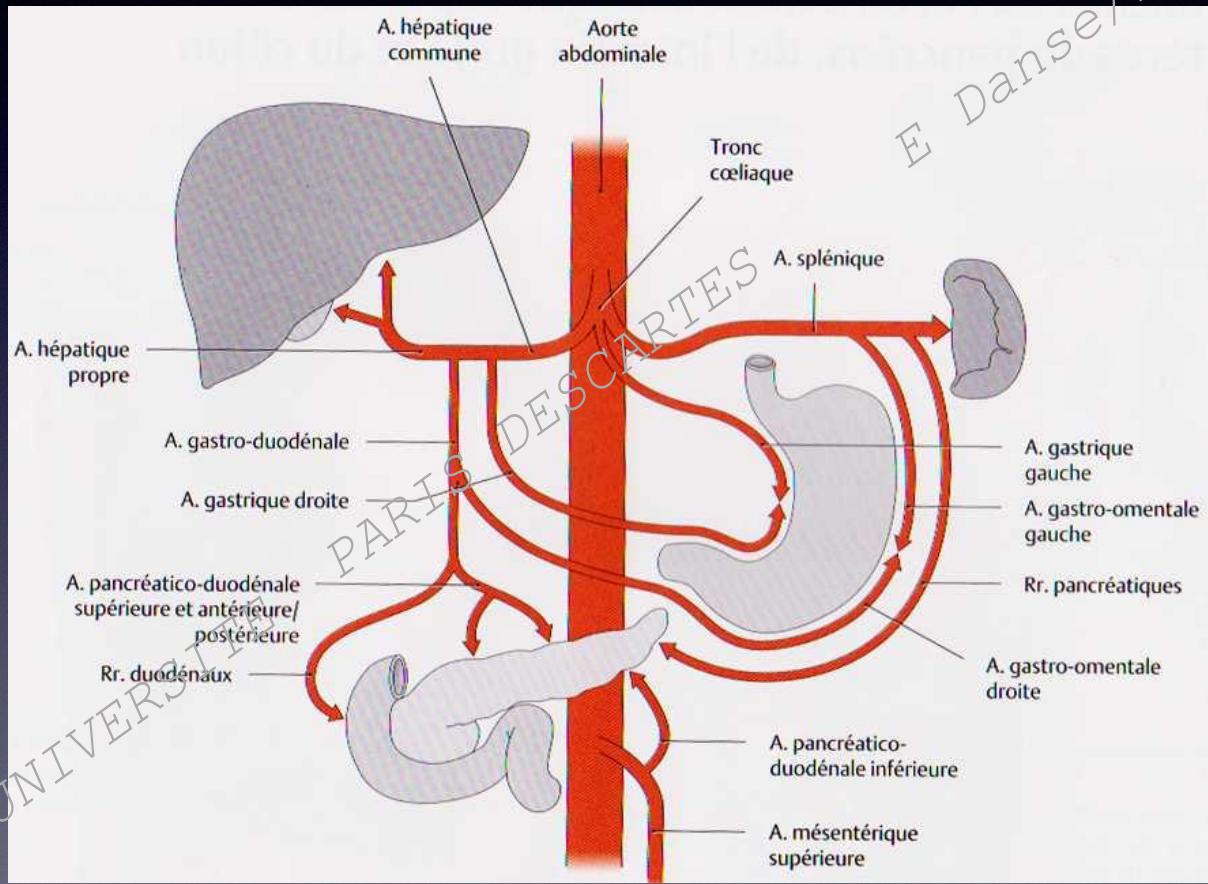
eaux thorax/a...



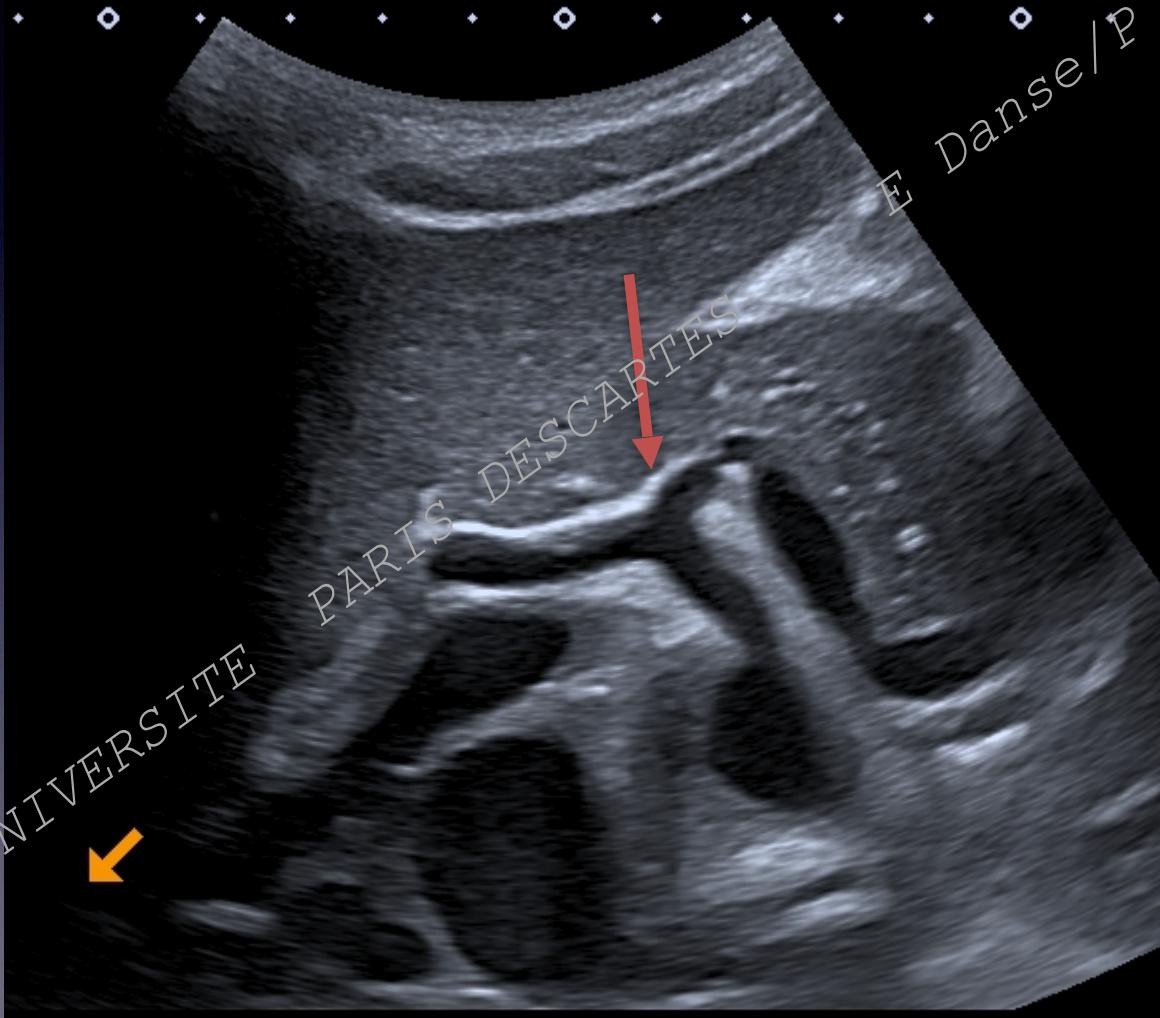
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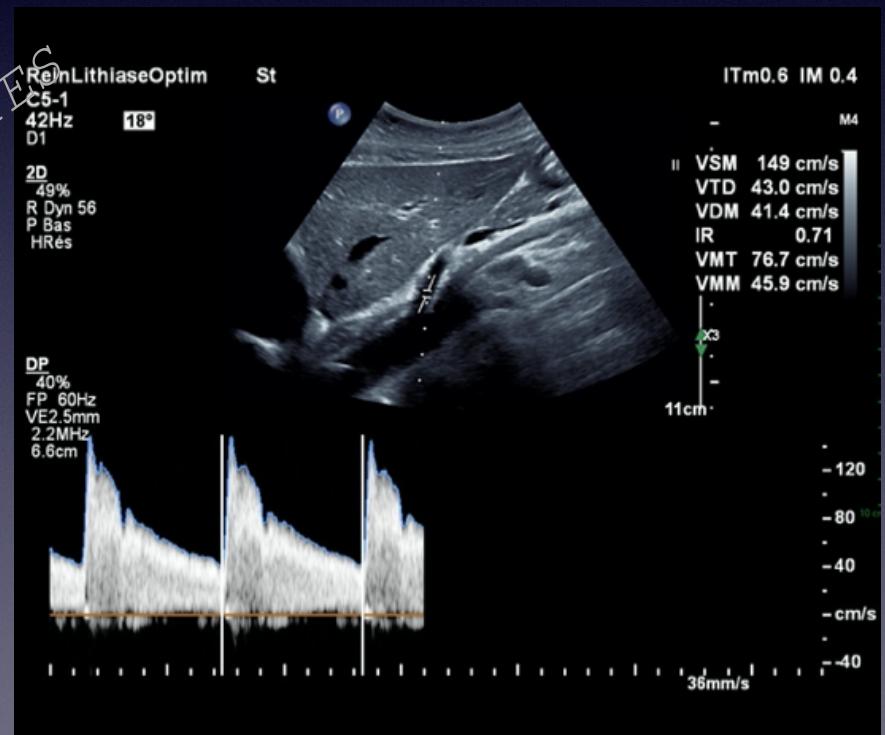


Tronc coeliaque



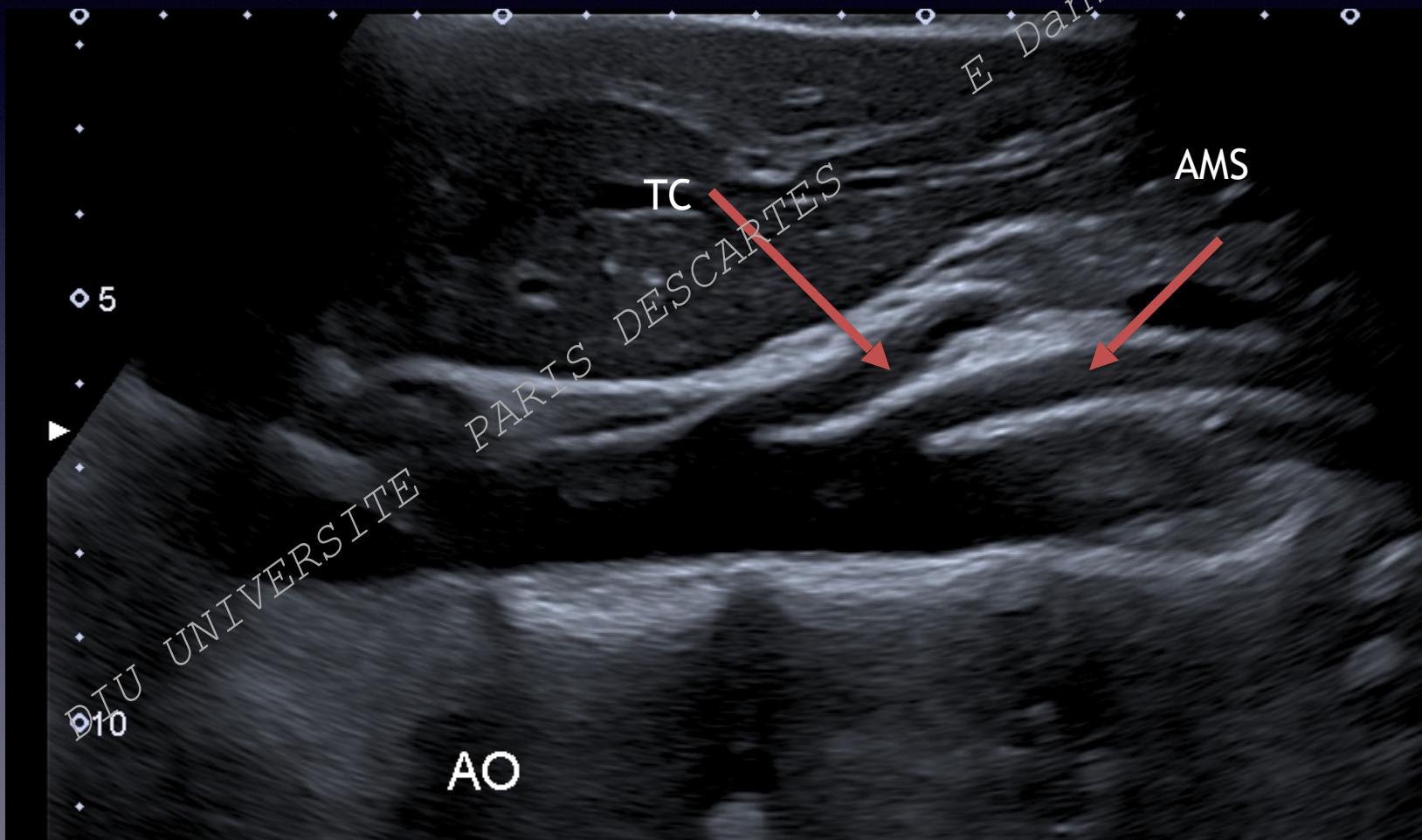
Tronc coeliaque

Diamètre normal : < 6 mm
Pic systolique 100 - 200 cm/s
IR 0,56 - 0,80

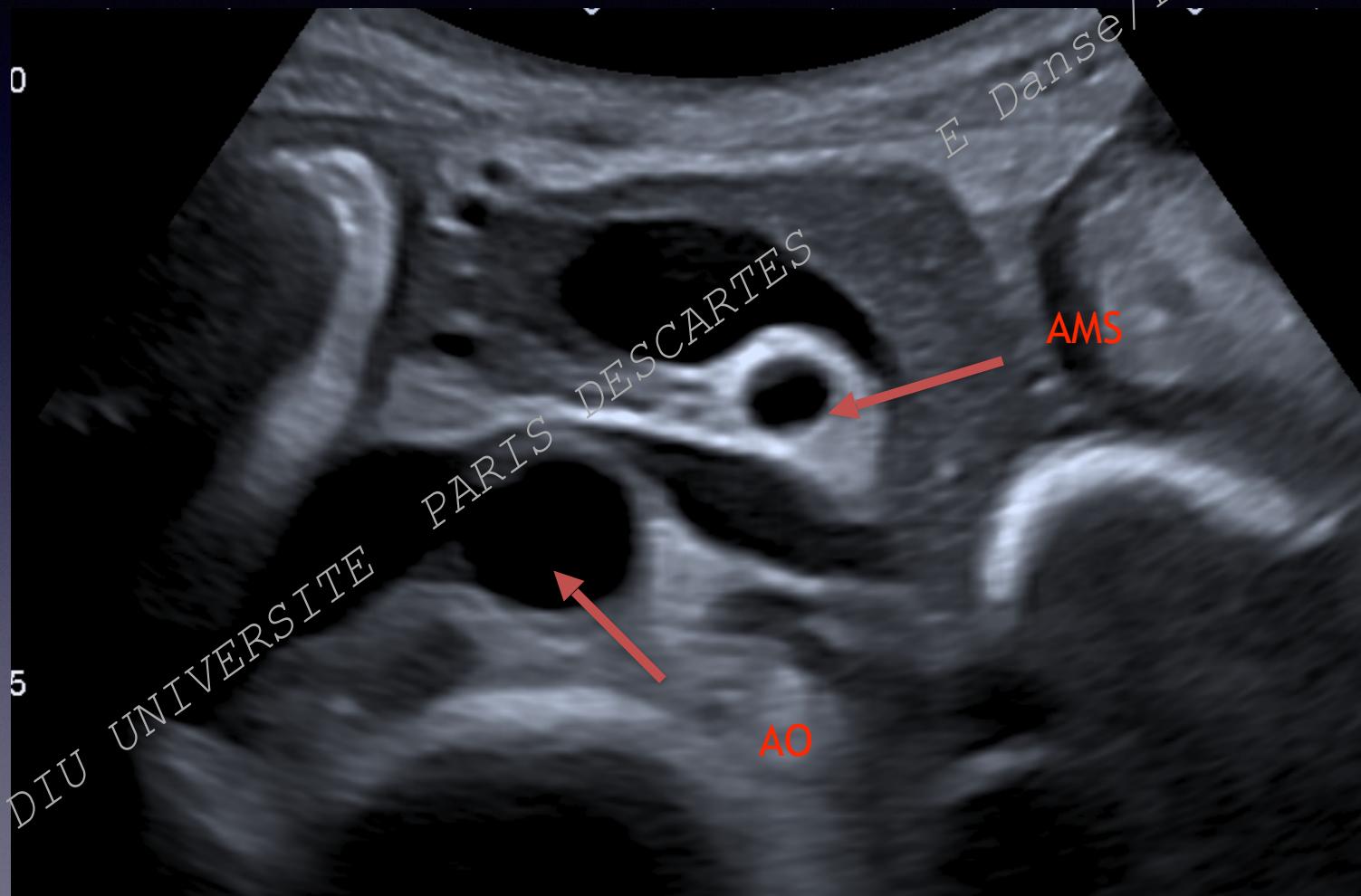


Tronc coeliaque

Artère mésentérique supérieure

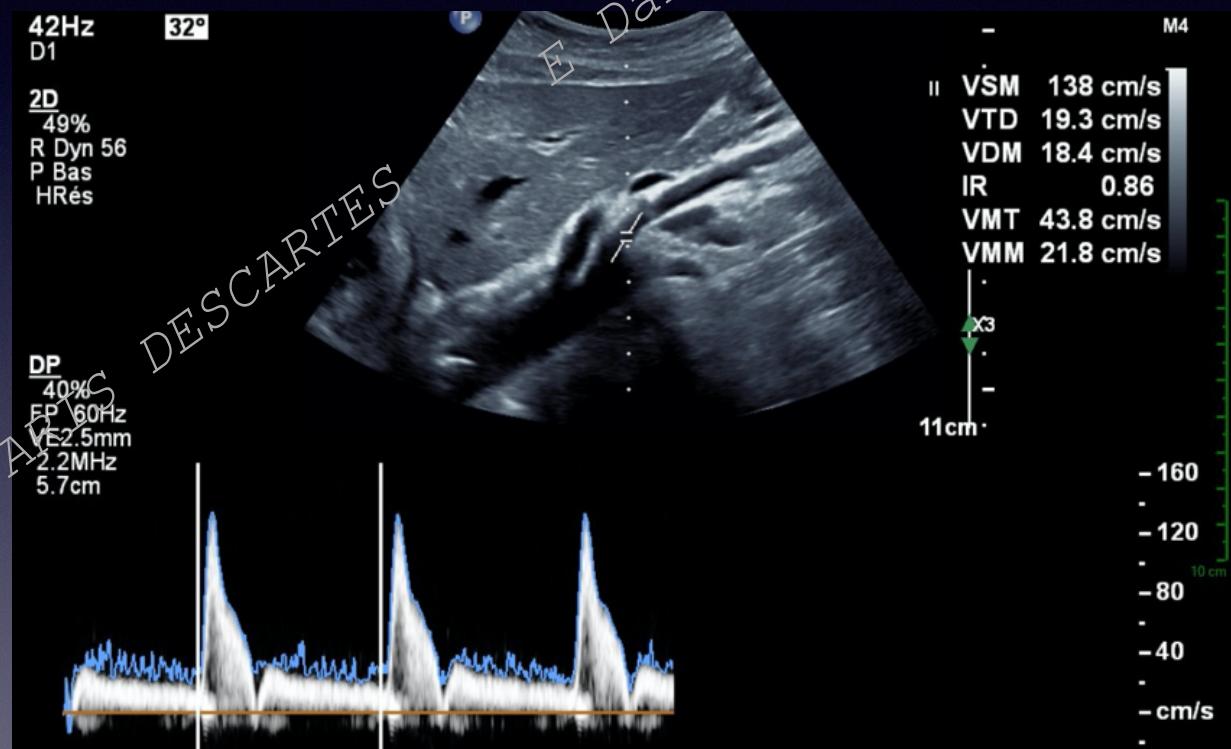


Artère mésentérique supérieure

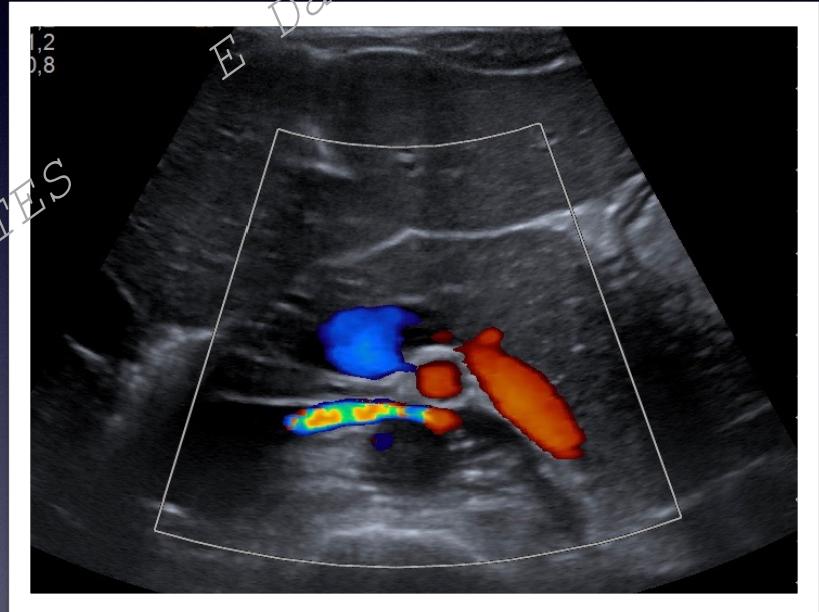
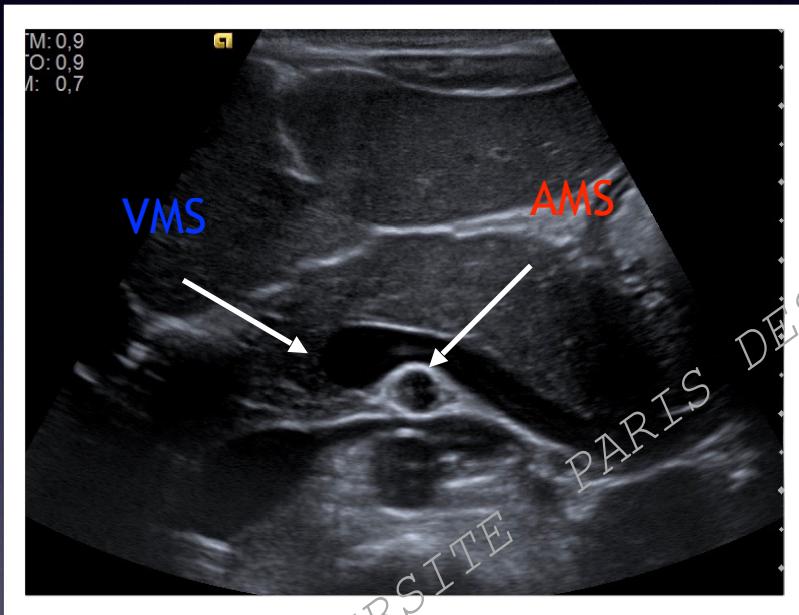


Artère mésentérique supérieure

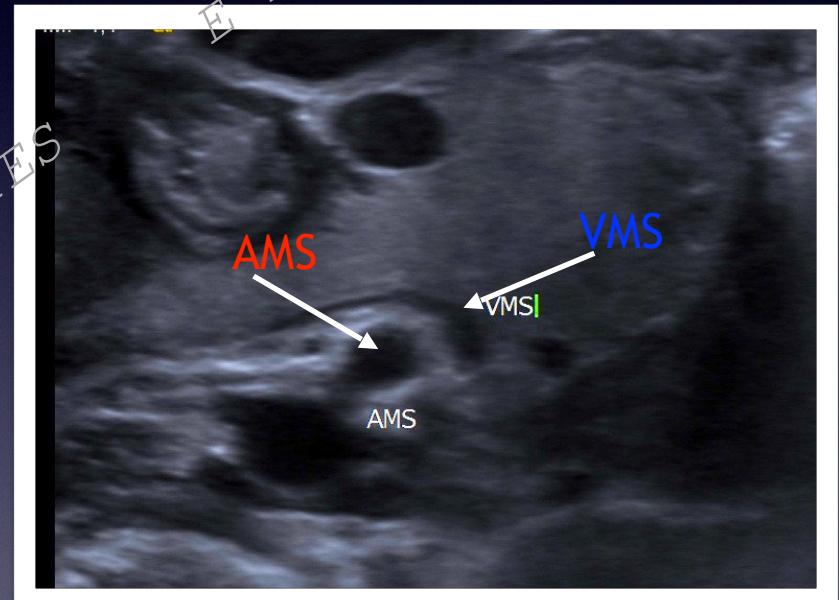
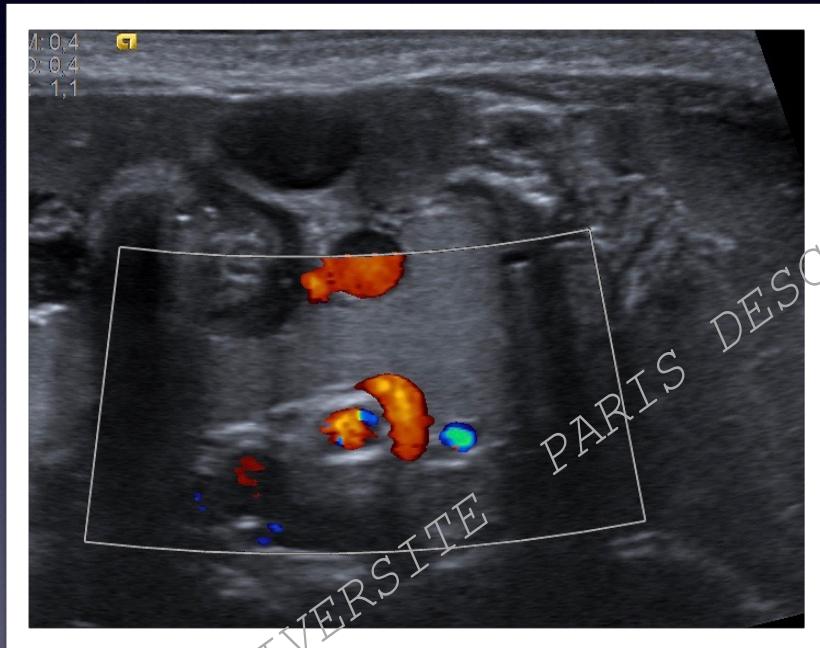
10 - 25 mm sous
le TC
Diamètre < 6mm
Pic syst 125-180
cm/s



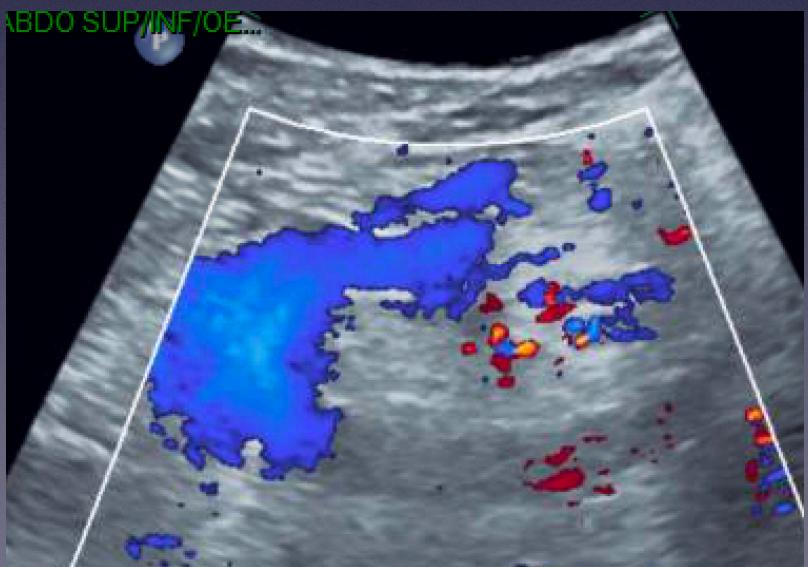
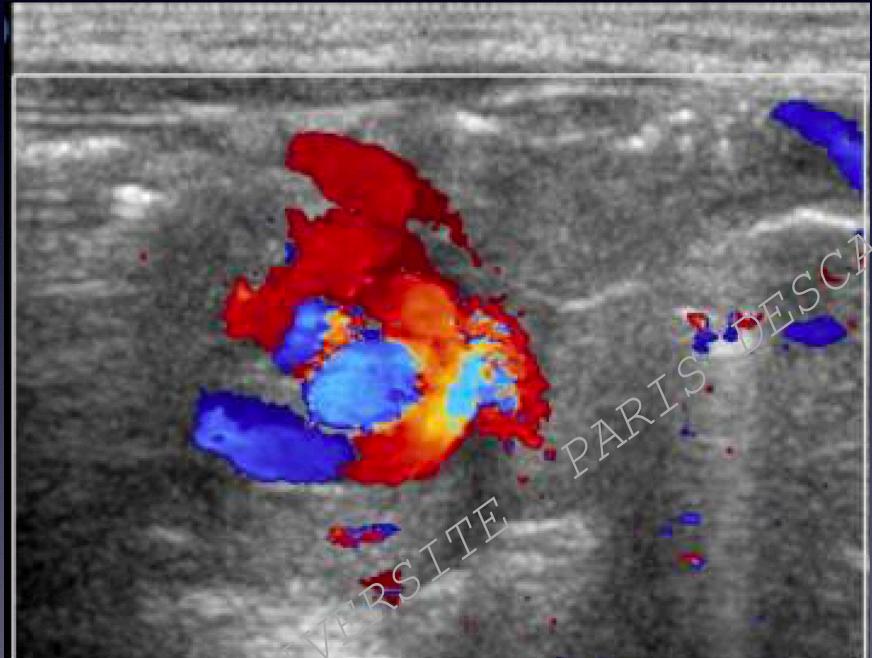
Artère et veine mésentériques supérieures



Artère et veine mésentériques supérieures

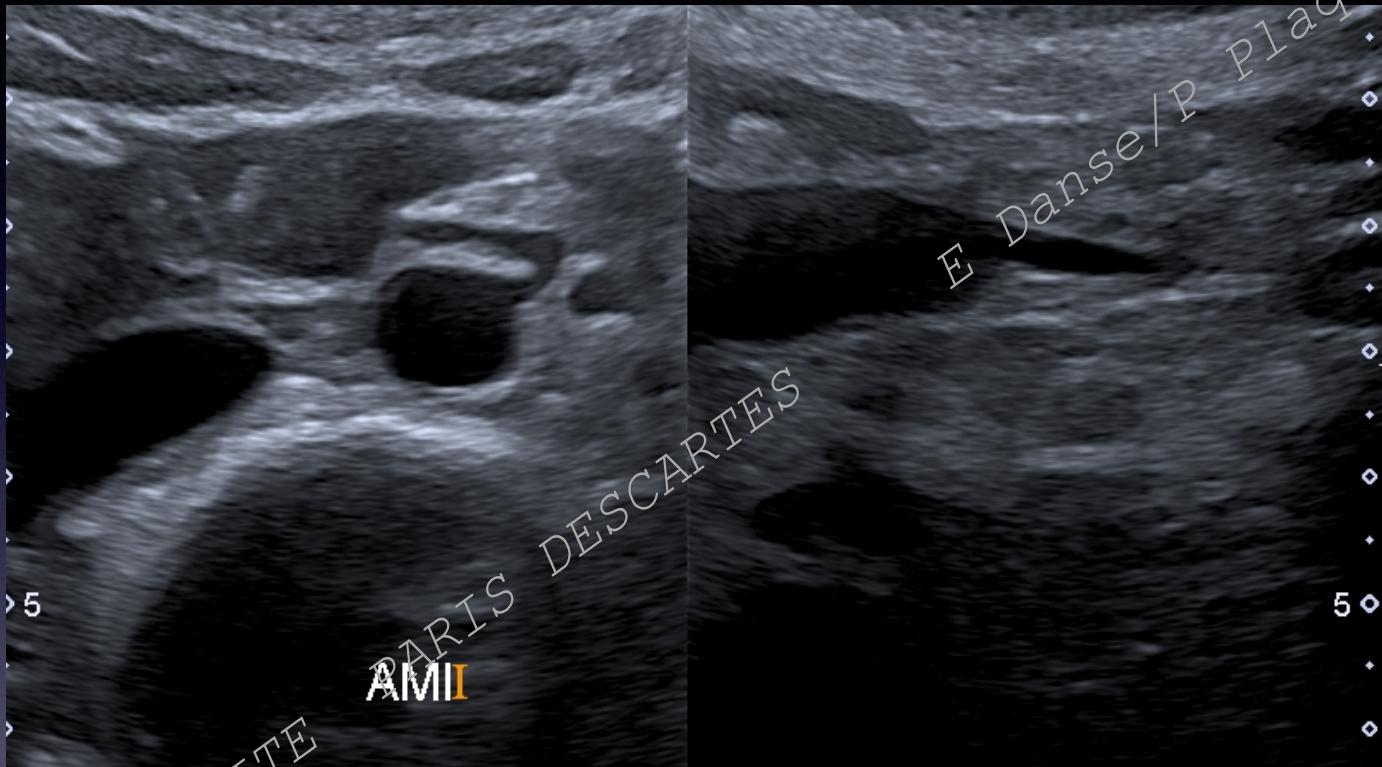


Volvulus sur malrotation => enfant ...=> adulte



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Artère mésentérique inférieure

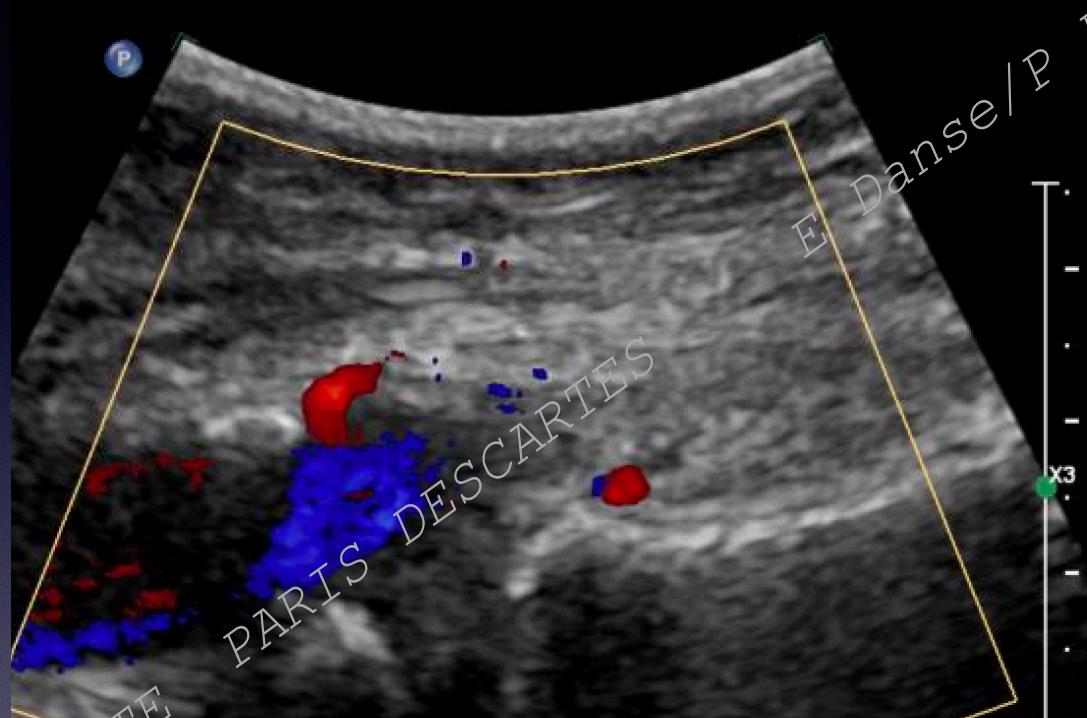


3 à 6 cm de la bifurcation

Diamètre 3 à 6 mm

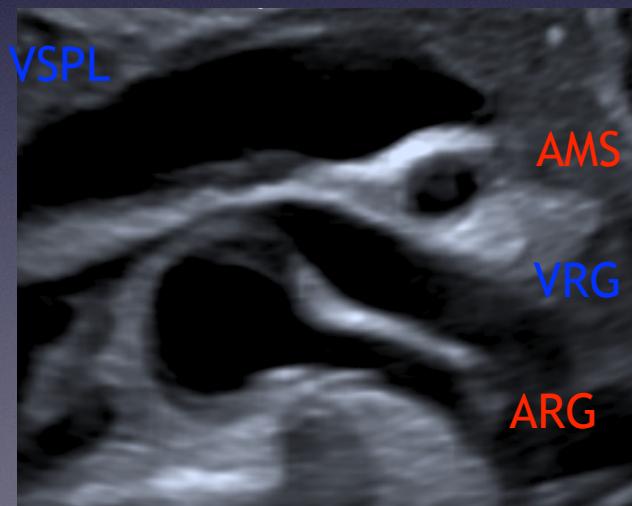
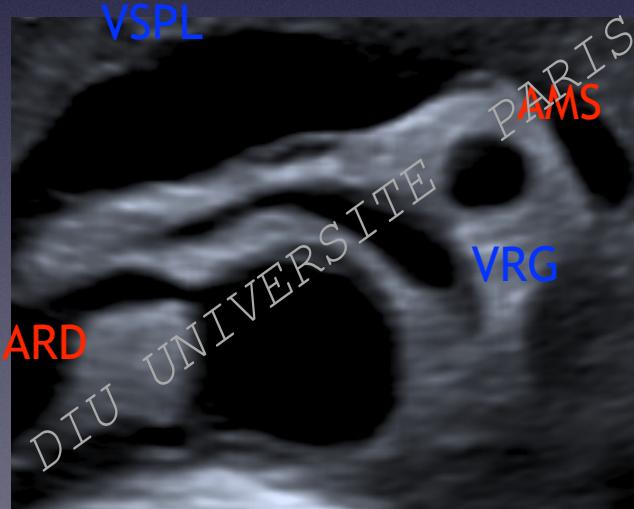
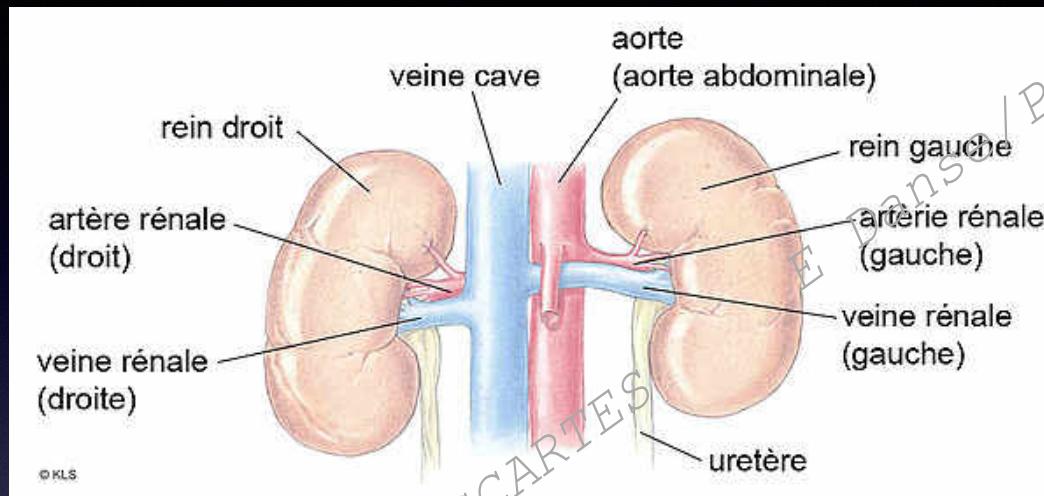
Flux triphasique pic syst < 120 cm/s

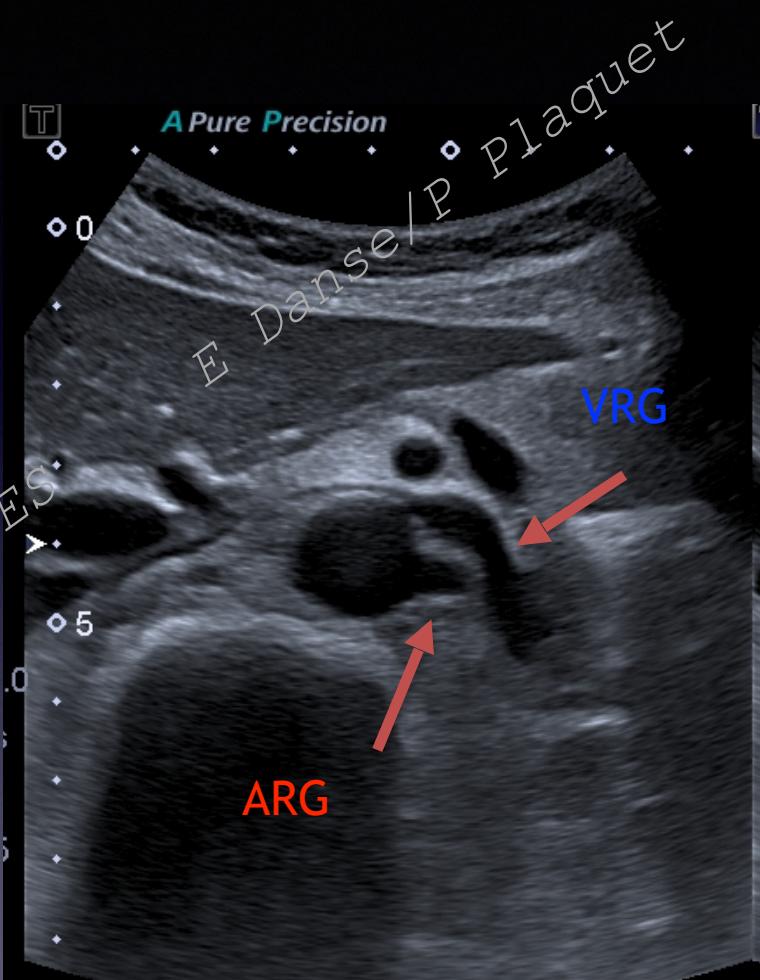
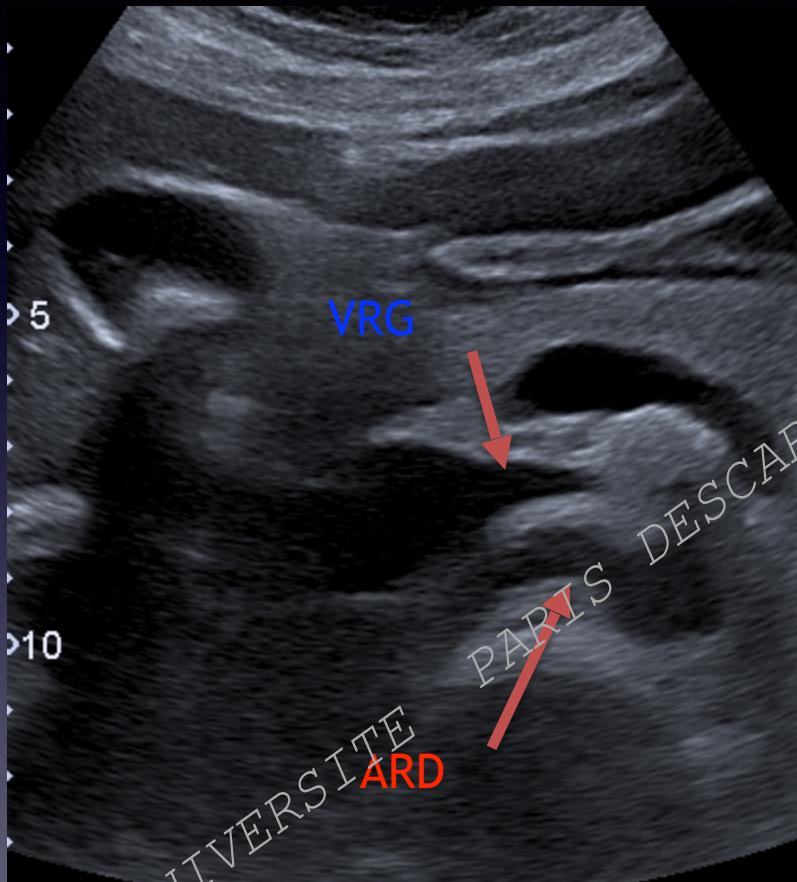
Artère mésentérique inférieure



3 à 6 cm de la bifurcation
Diamètre 3 à 6 mm
Flux triphasique pic syst < 120 cm/s

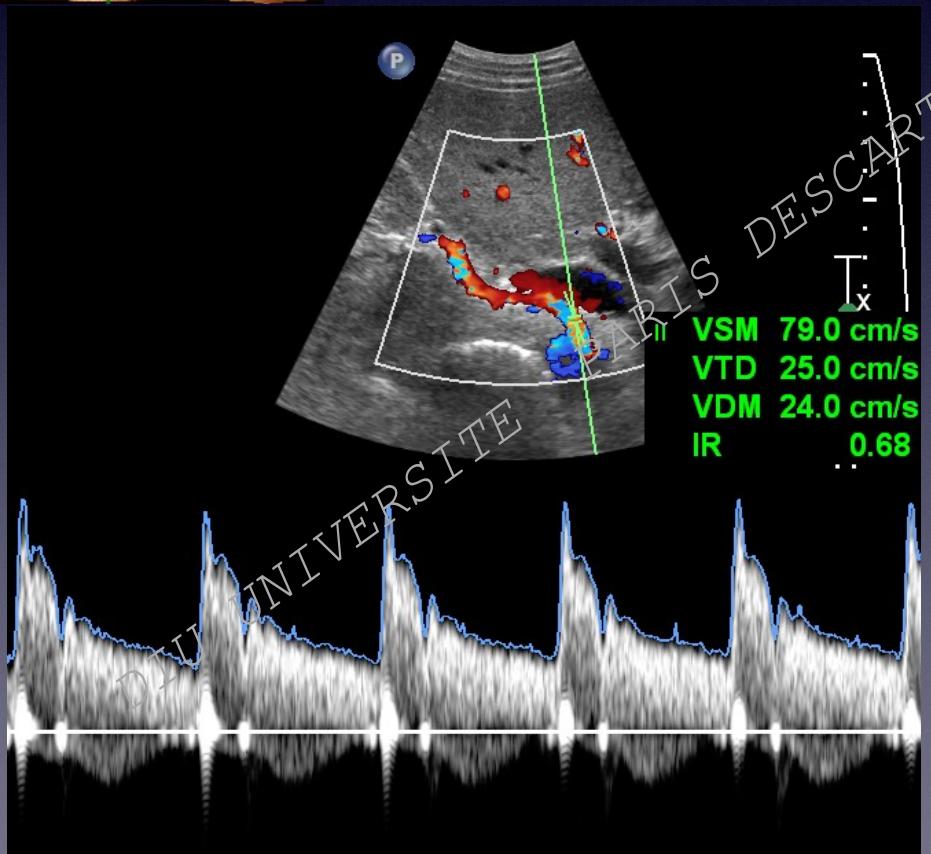
Vaisseaux rénaux





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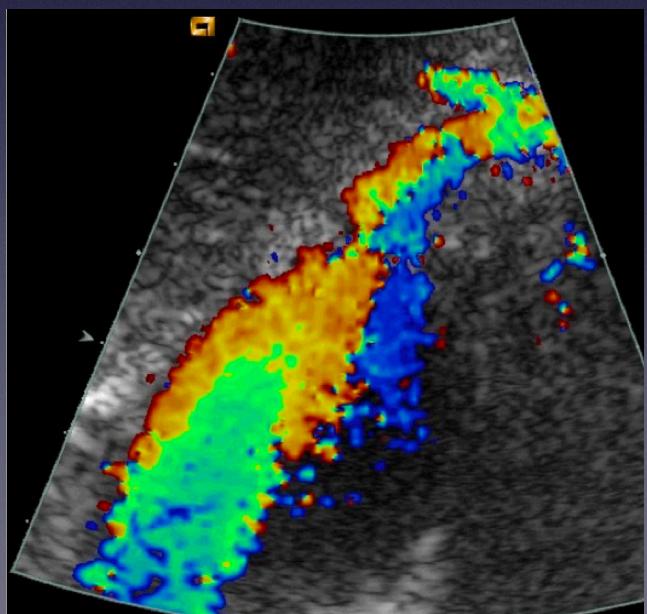
Artères rénales



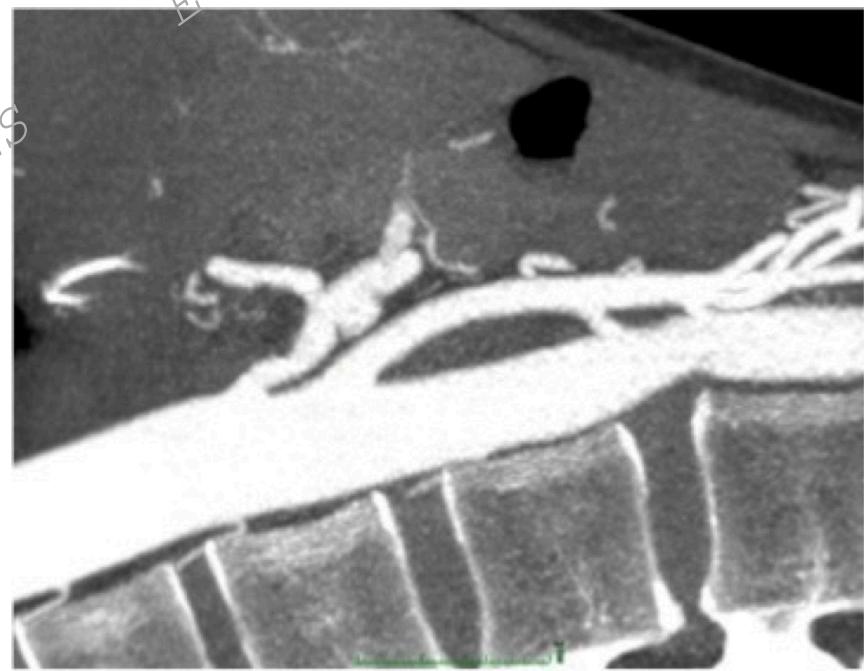
Tronc coeliaque

Réseau interconnecté ,
collatéralité
Calibre inhabituel perméabilité
, anévrisme , thrombose

Tronc coeliaque :
dissection

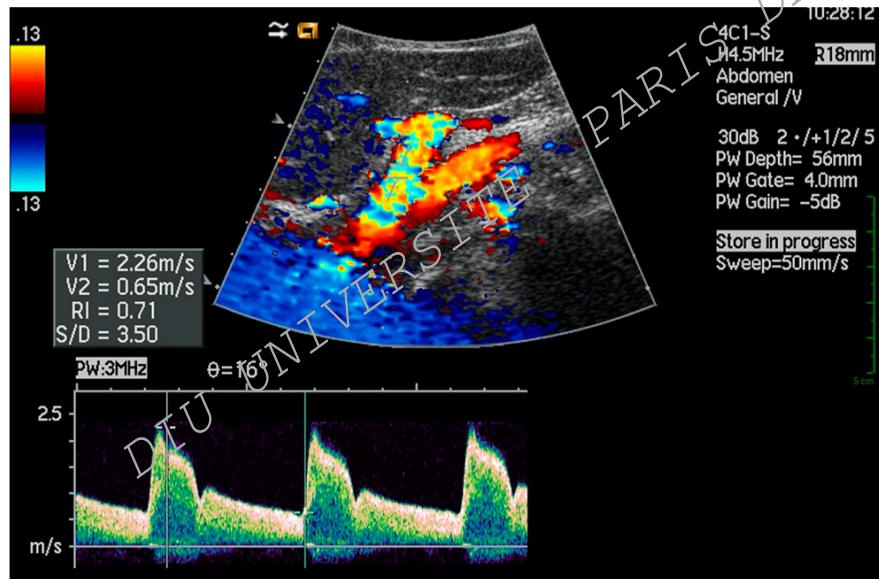
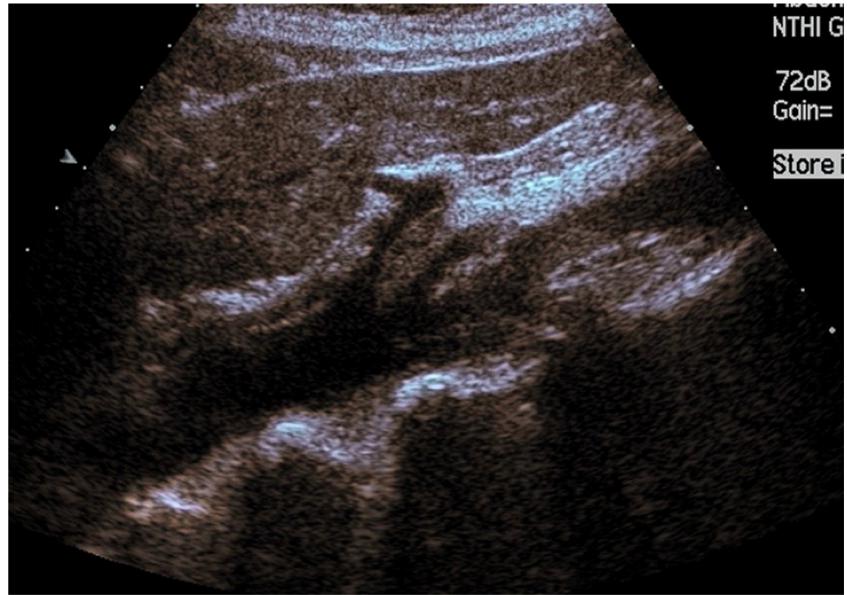


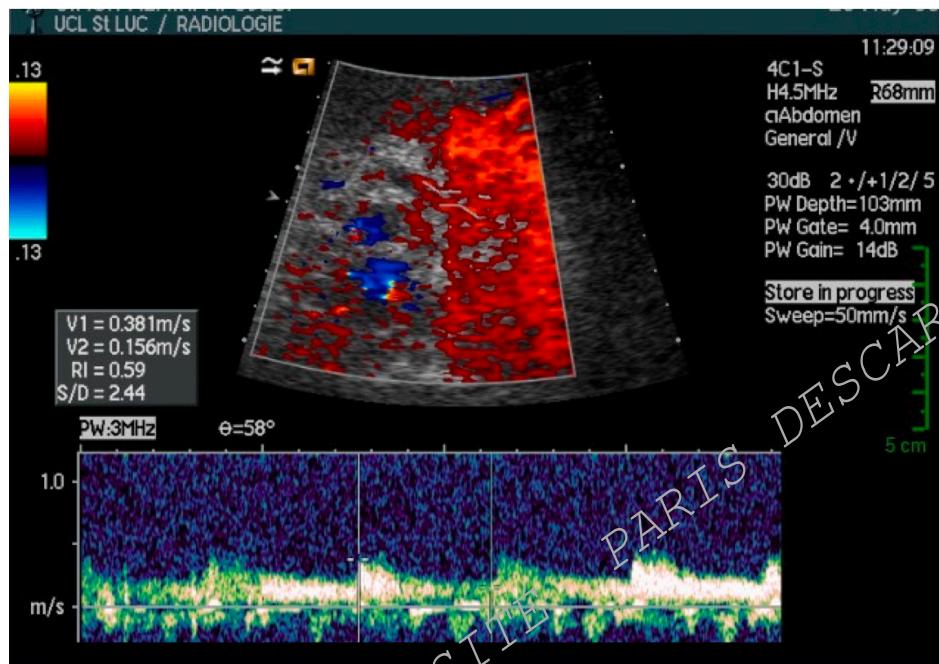
Tronc coeliaque : dissection



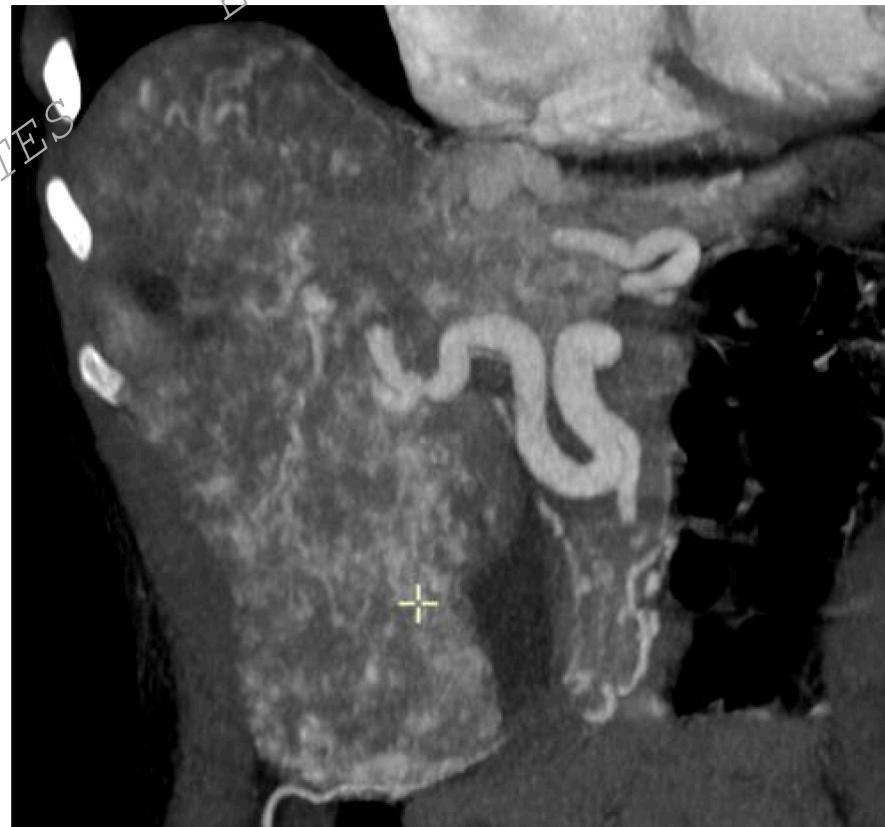
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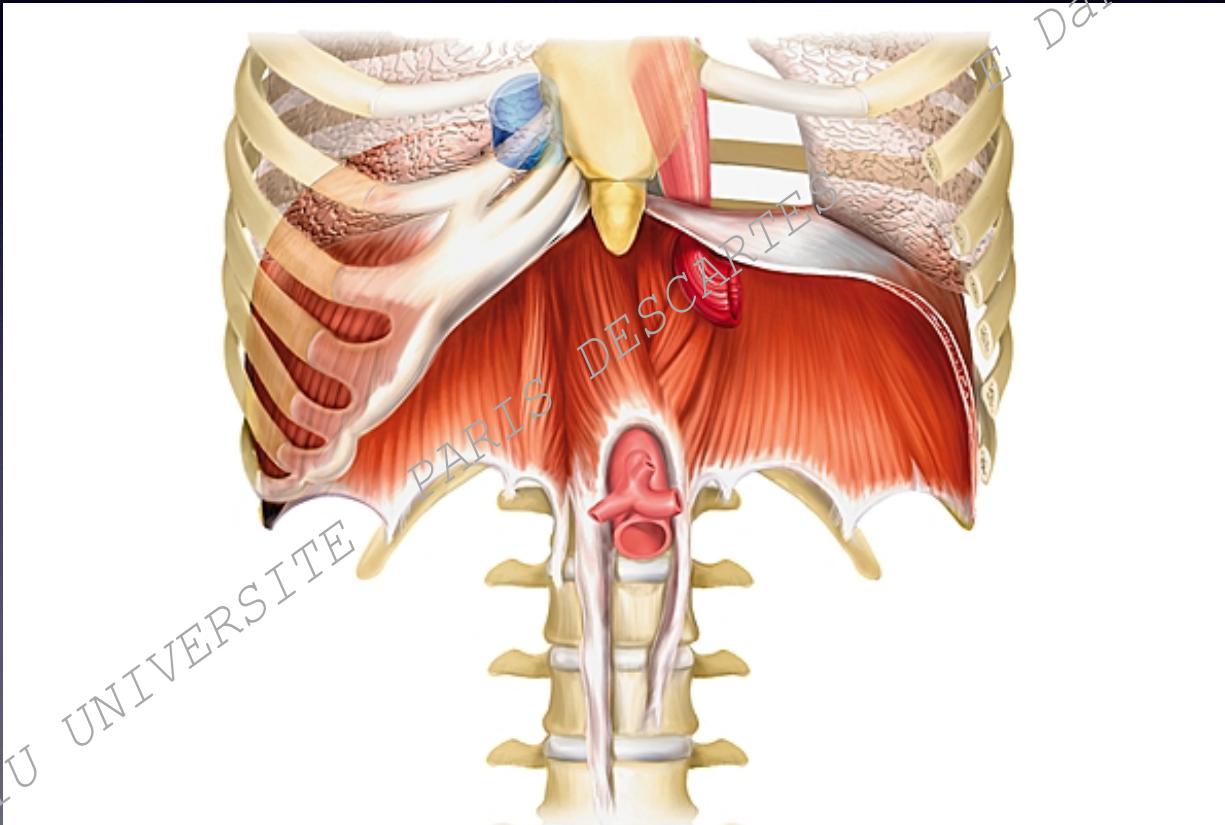
Osler Rendu



Ligament arqué

Hiatus fibreux diaphragmatique
inextensible

tronc coeliaque trop haut



Ligament arqué

Compression stenose
hémodynamiquement
significative

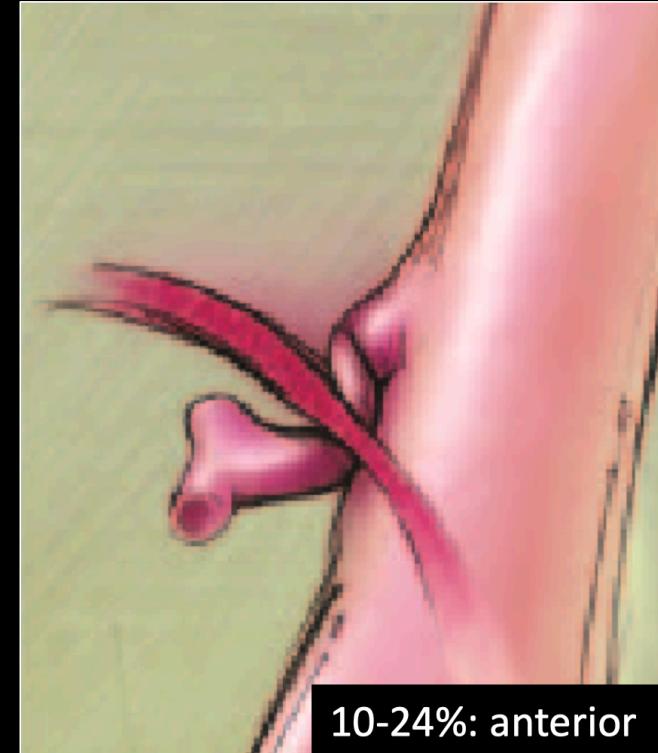
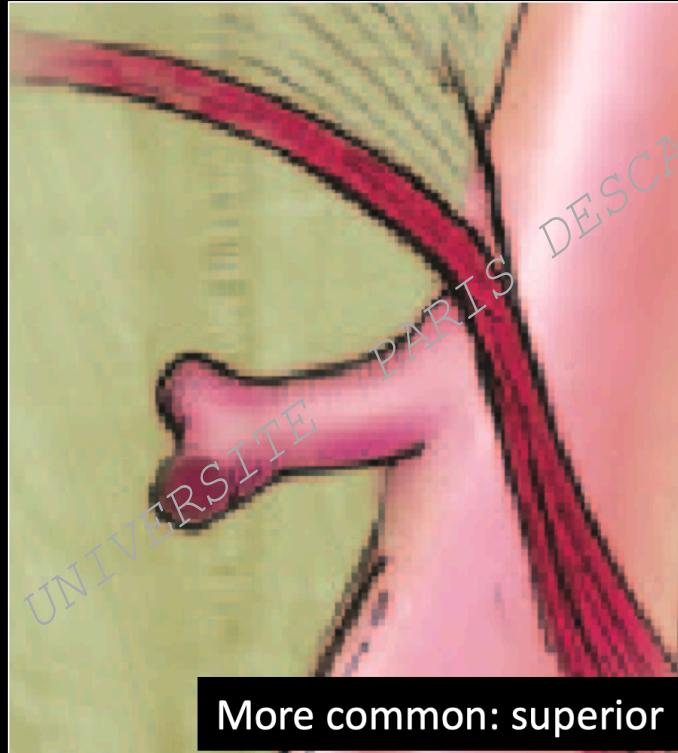
Image en crochet
Disparité de calibre
Aliasing

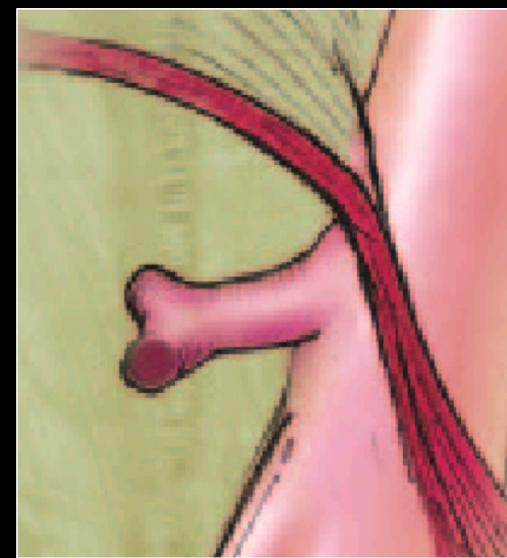
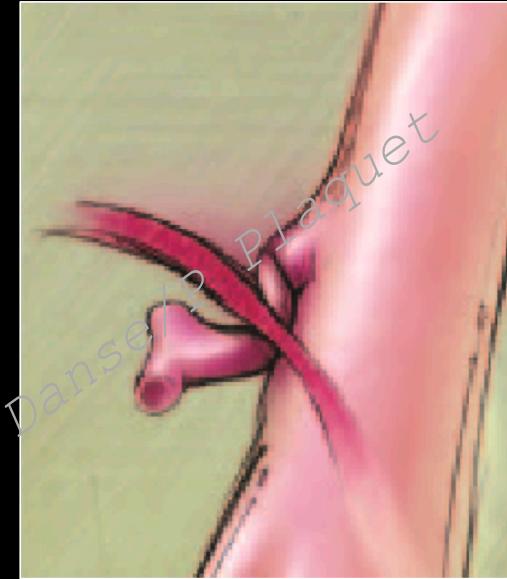
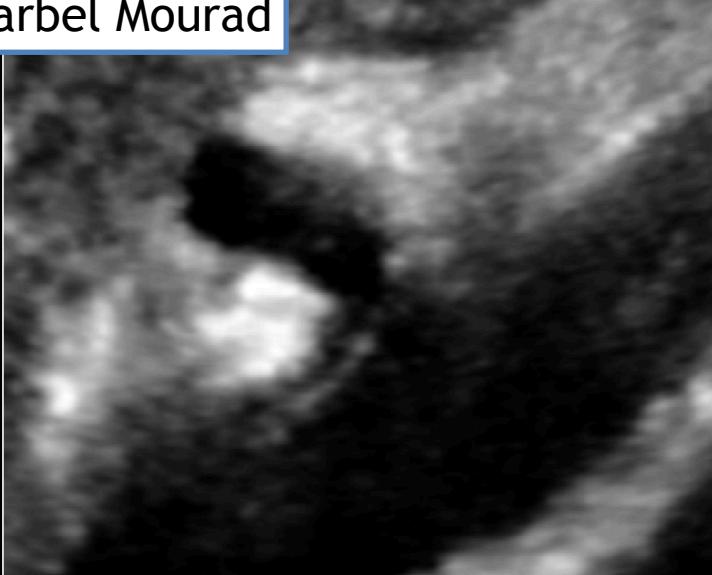
$V > 200 \text{ cm/s}$

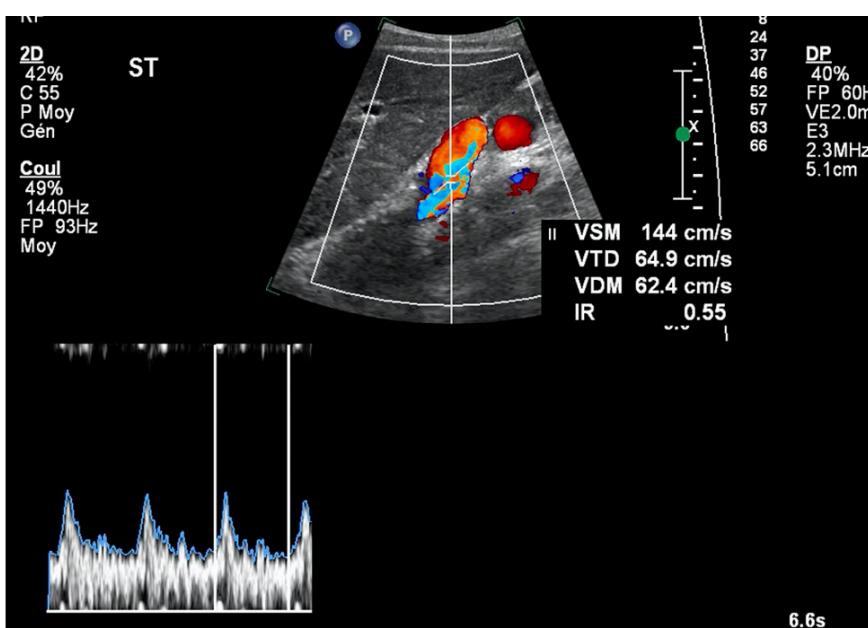
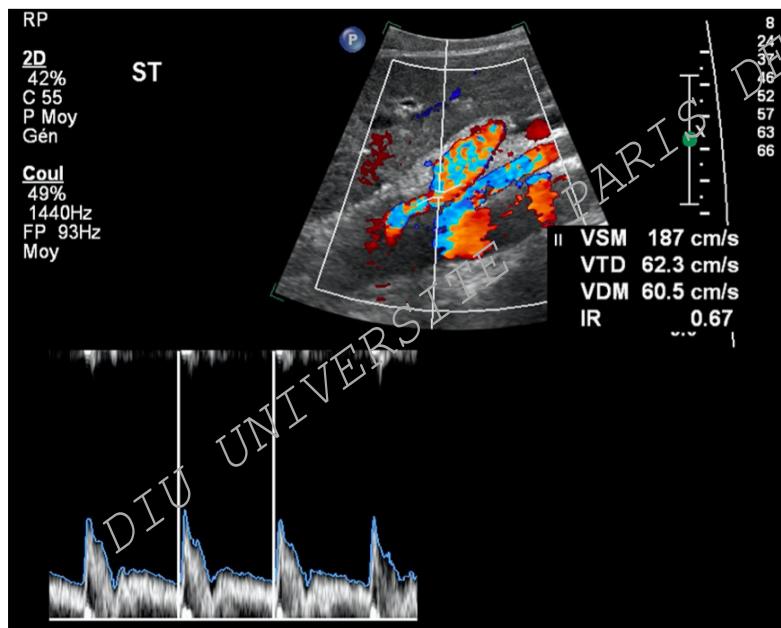
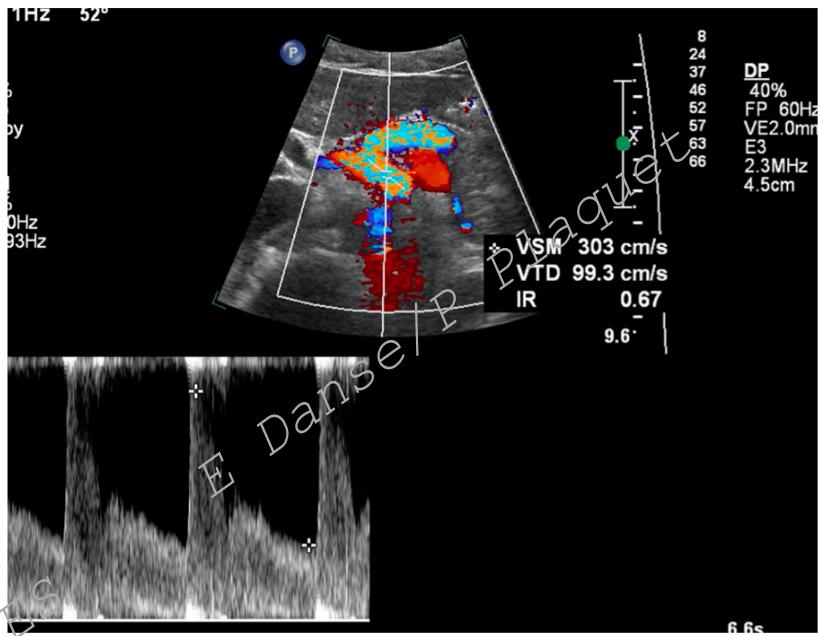
Signes digestifs post prandiaux
Douleurs vomissements
Souffle

Median arcuate Ligament

- Fibrous band that unites the diaphragmatic crura
- At the level of aortic hiatus T12-L1

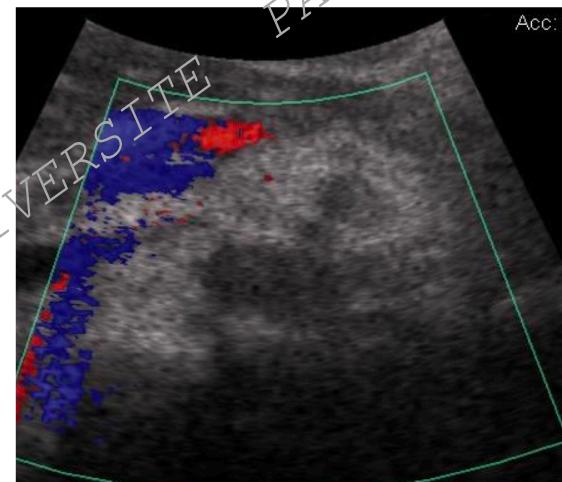
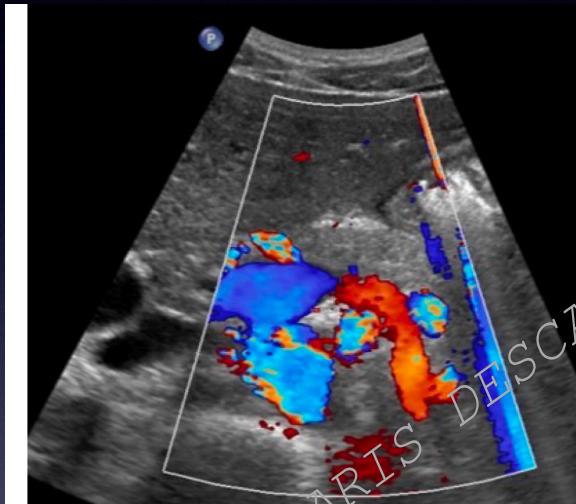






Artère mésentérique supérieure

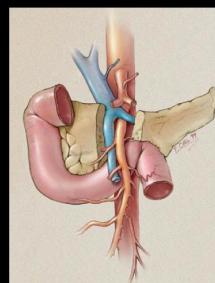
Infarctus mésentérique



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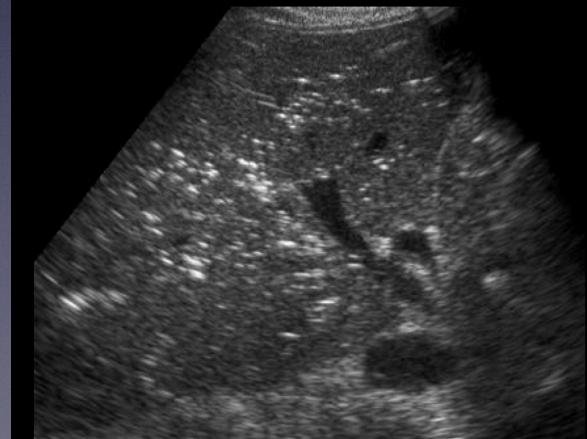
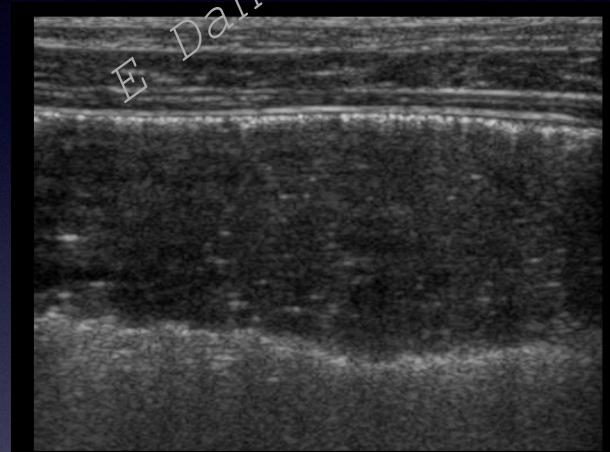
Infarctus mésentérique



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Danse/P Plaquet

Infarctus mésentérique



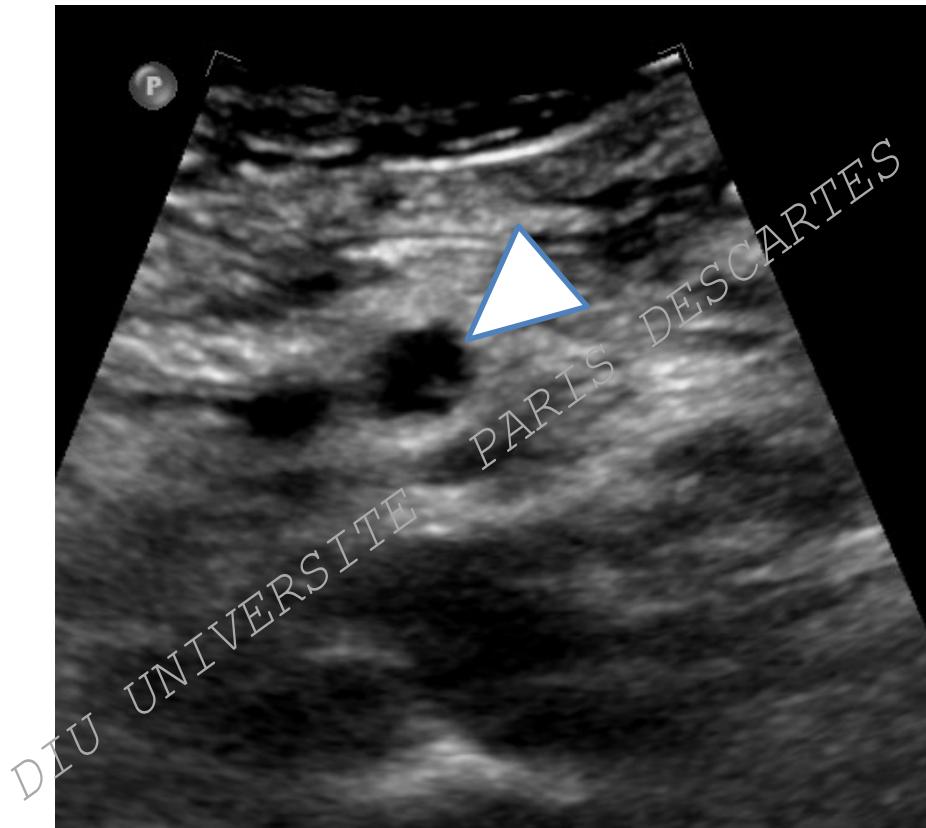
DIU UNIVERSITE PARIS DESCARTES

E Danse / P Plaquet

Infarctus mésentérique et dissection AMS



Infarctus mésentérique et dissection AMS



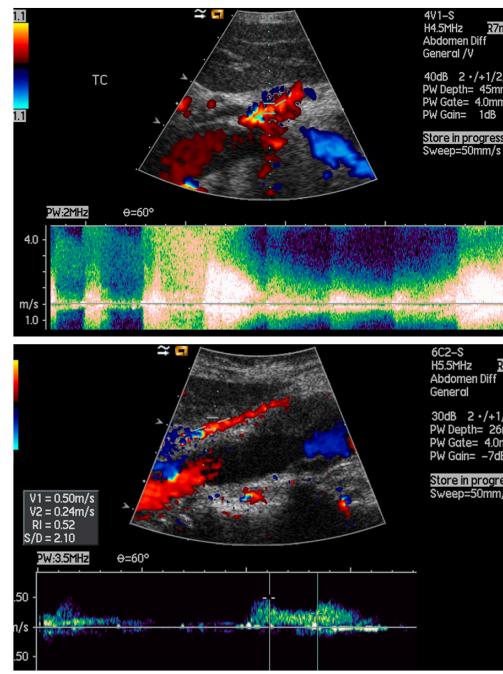
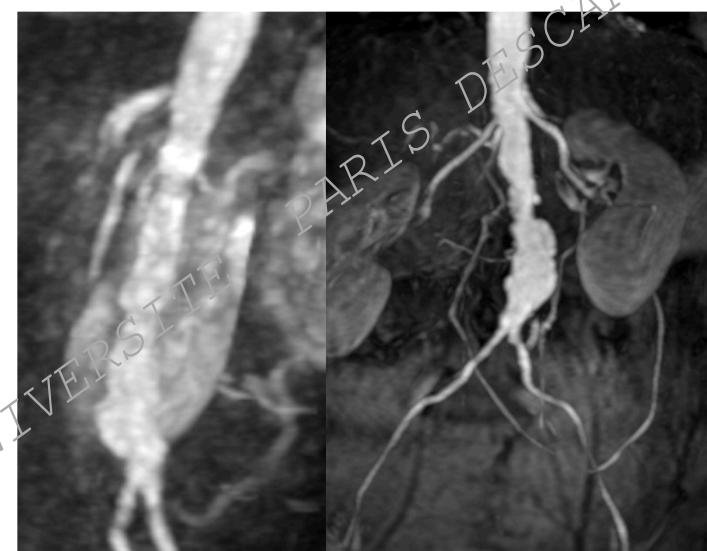
Infarctus mésentérique et dissection AMS

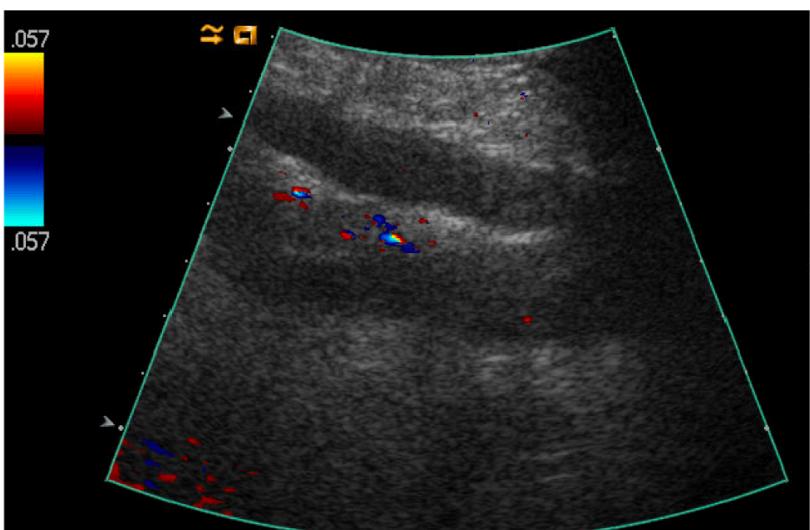
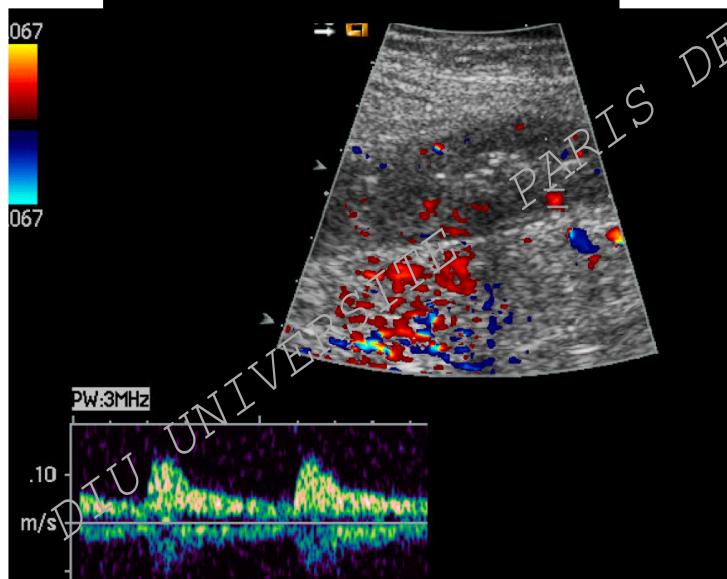


Colite ischémique

« Chronique »

US Doppler et colite ischémique

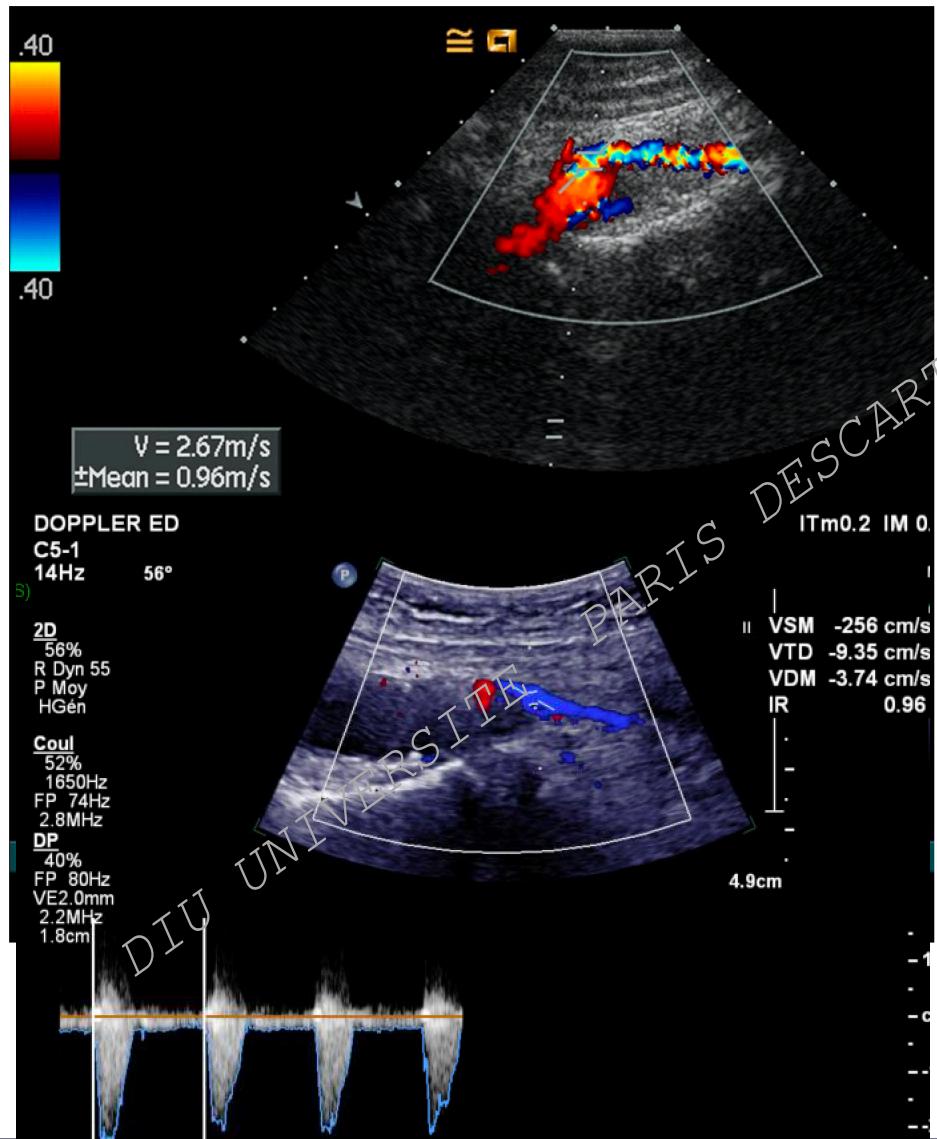




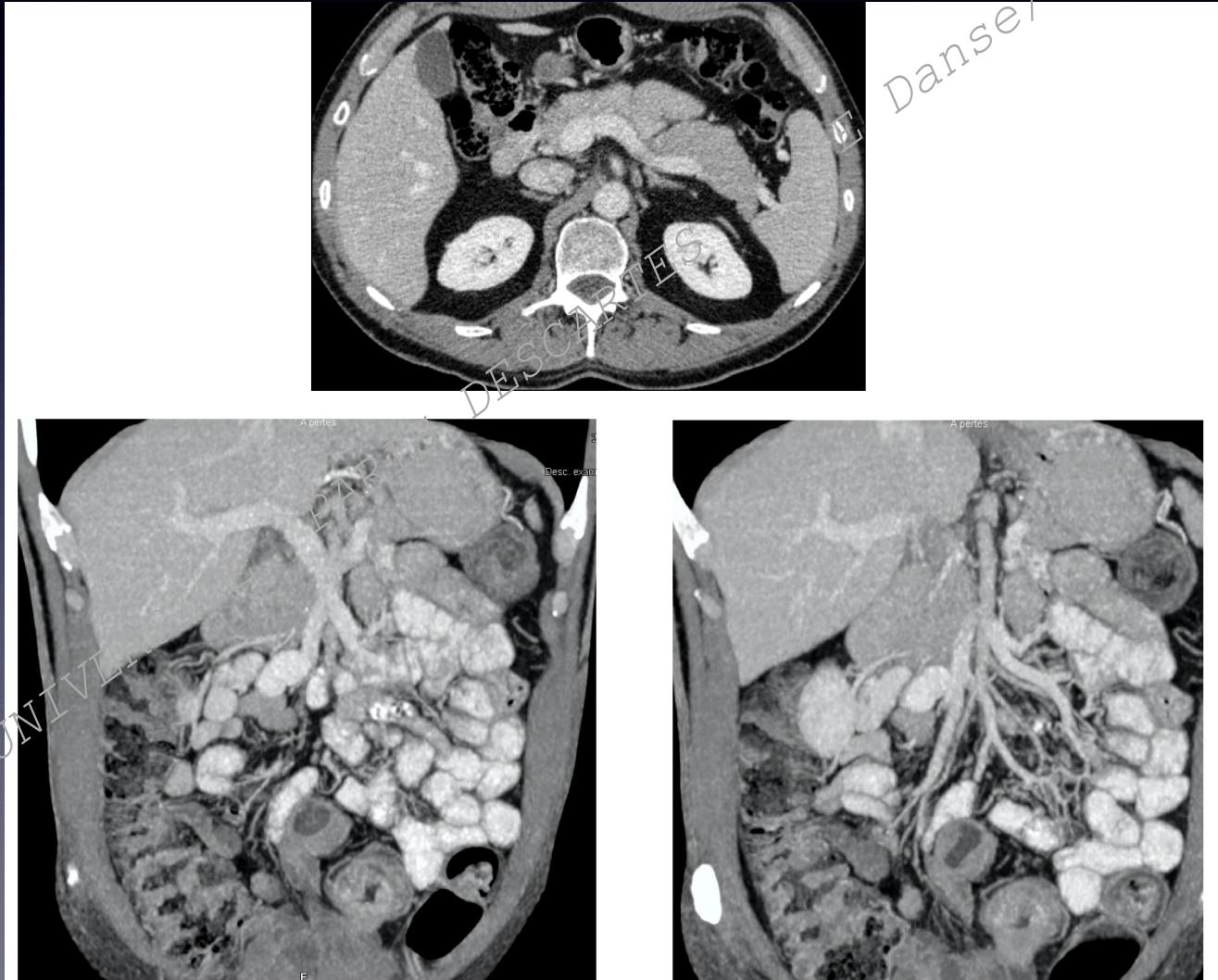
Résolution spontanée

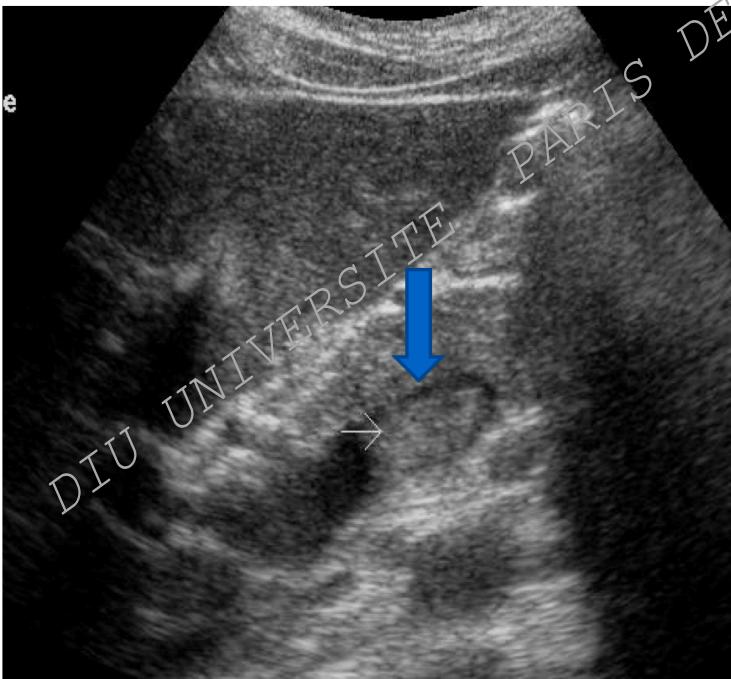
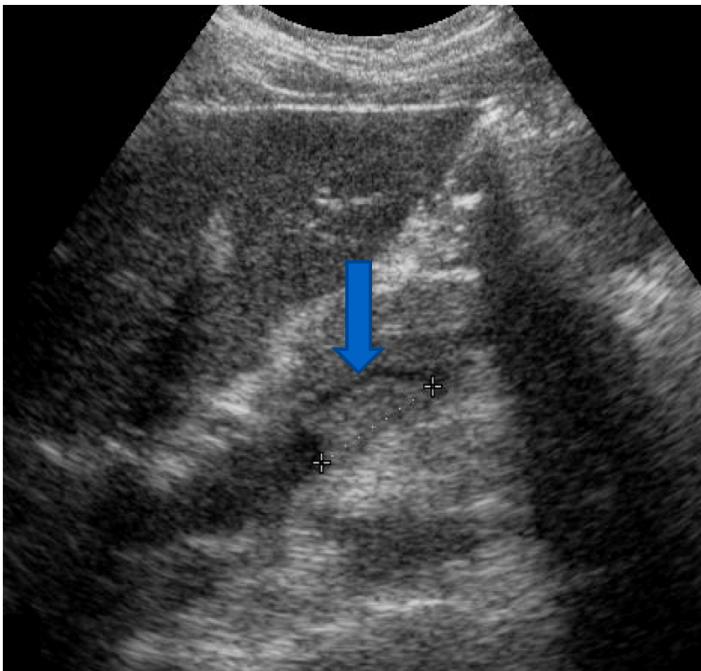
Chirurgie pour nécrose

ANGOR INTESTINAL : sténose &/ou occlusions de 2 des 3 vx digestifs : TC, AMS-aml

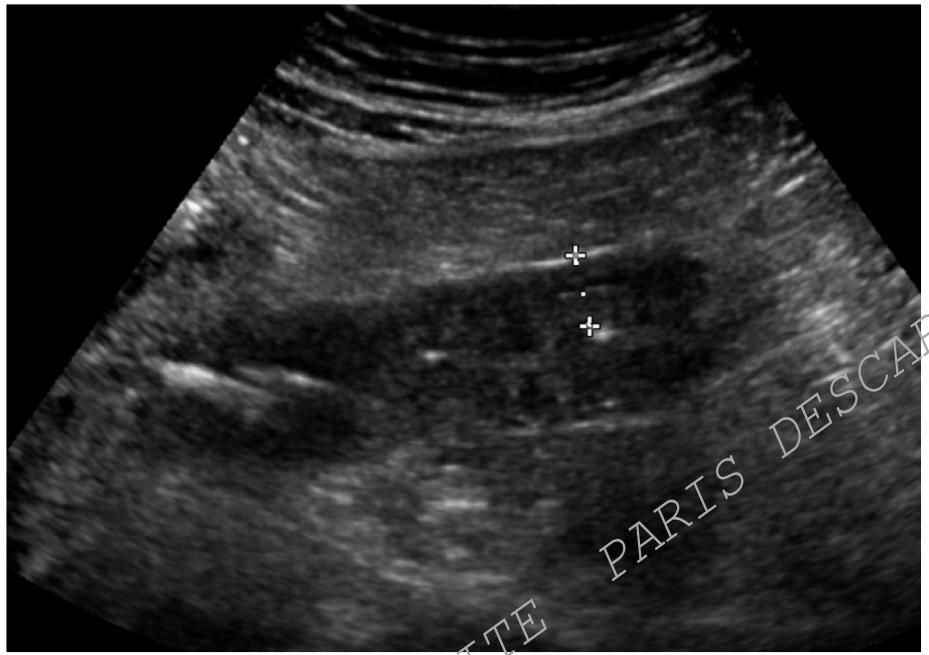


Infarcissement mésentérique

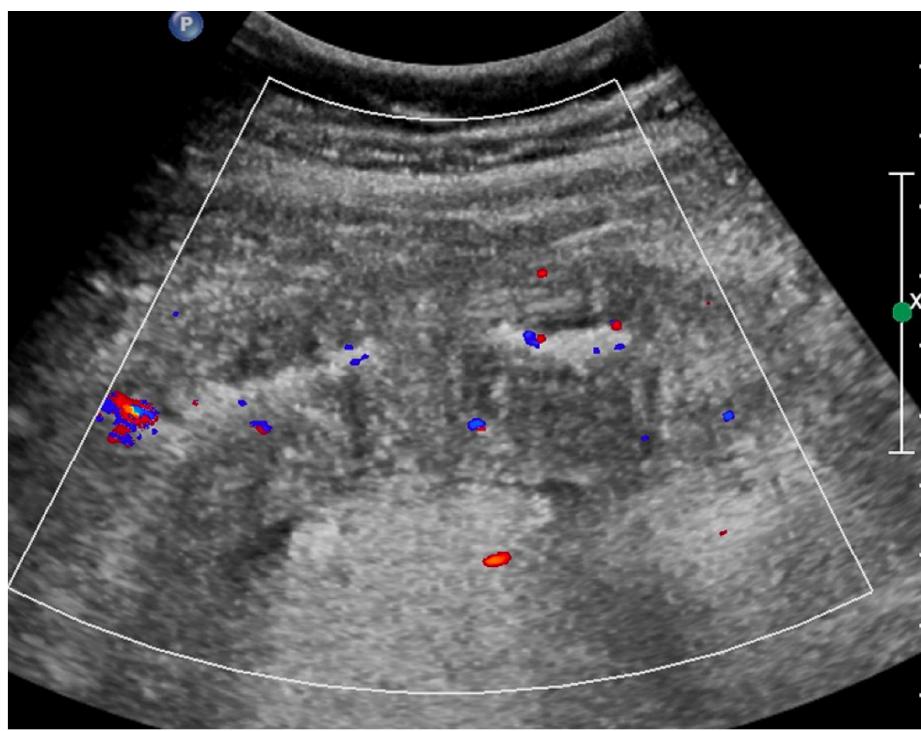
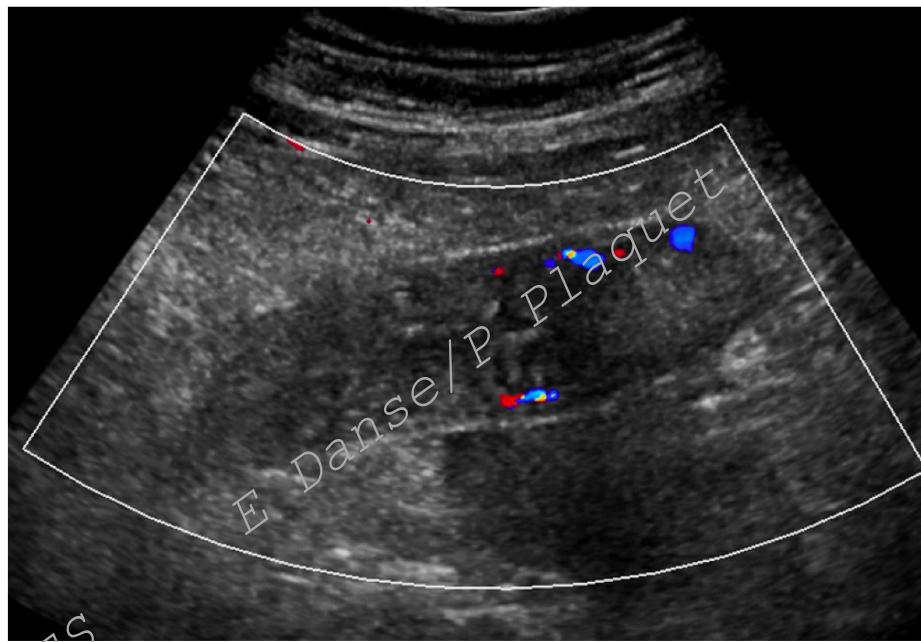




Plaquet



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réglages +++, changement de sondes
et de fréquences

Connaissance topographique
balayage méthodique

on ne trouve que ce que l'on cherche et
que ce que l'on connaît

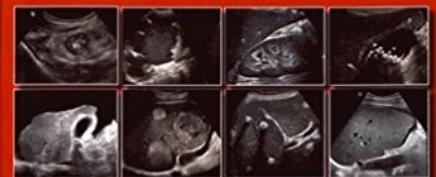
Merci de votre attention



WWW.SFECHO.ORG

ÉCHOGRAPHIE ABDOMINALE de l'adulte

Etienne DANSE



Sauramps
MEDICAL